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## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

Public Law 85-284  
H. R. 7096

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## Index and summary of H. R. 7096

- April 30, 1957 Rep. Jenkins introduced H. R. 7096 which was referred to the House Ways and Means Committee. Print of bill as introduced.
- July 24, 1957 House committee ordered H. R. 7096 reported.
- Aug. 2, 1957 House committee reported H. R. 7096 with amendment. House Report No. 976. Print of bill and report.
- Aug. 5, 1957 House passed H. R. 7096 with amendment.
- Aug. 6, 1957 H. R. 7096 was referred to the Senate Finance Committee. Print of bill as referred.
- Aug. 12, 1957 Senate committee reported H. R. 7096 with amendments. S. Report No. 855. Print of bill and report.
- Aug. 20, 1957 Senate passed over H. R. 7096 on request of Sen. Talmadge.  
Sen. Beall proposed an amendment. Print of amendment.
- Aug. 23, 1957 Senate agreed to committee amendments, then temporarily laid aside H. R. 7096.
- Aug. 29, 1957 Senate discussed and at request of Sen. Case, S. Dak., passed over H. R. 7096.
- Aug. 30, 1957 Senate passed H. R. 7096 with amendments.  
House concurred in Senate amendments.
- Sept. 4, 1957 Approved: Public Law 85-284.



DIGEST OF PUBLIC LAW 85-284

IMPORTATION OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER AND WOOL YARN.

Amends the Tariff Act of 1930 so as to permit the duty-free importation of istle or Tampico fiber, and certain wool yarn.









# H. R. 7096

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 30, 1957

Mr. JENKINS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

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## A BILL

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3       That paragraph 1684 of section 201 of the Tariff Act of  
4       1930 is amended as follows: (1) After the paragraph num-  
5       ber insert “(a)”; (2) strike out “istle or Tampico fiber,”;  
6       and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows:

7       “(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or  
8       manufactured in any manner.”

H CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

H. R. 7096

## A BILL

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

By Mr. JENKINS

APRIL 30, 1957

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means





# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued July 25, 1957  
For actions of July 24, 1957  
85th-1st No. 131

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HIGHLIGHTS: House Rules Committee cleared bills to exempt from quotas certain wheat used on farm where produced, and to provide self-help meat promotion program. Senate committee submitted report on bill to transfer certain work under Packers and Stockyards Act to FTC.

### HOUSE

1. WHEAT; MEAT PROMOTION. The Rules Committee reported resolutions for consideration of H. R. 8456, to exempt certain wheat producers from liability where all the wheat crop is fed or used for seed or food on the farm where produced, and H.R. 7244, to amend the Packers and Stockyards Act so as to permit deductions for a self-help meat promotion program. p. 11454
2. HUMANE SLAUGHTER. The "Daily Digest" states that the Rules Committee "granted an open rule with 1 hour debate on H. R. 8308, relating to humane slaughter of livestock." p. D688
3. ELECTRIFICATION. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee voted 16 to 14 to not report H. R. 5, to authorize the construction of the Hells Canyon dam. p.D688
4. WATER UTILIZATION. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee ordered reported with amendment S. 1556, to grant the consent of Congress to Mont., N. Dak., S. Dak., and Wyo. to negotiate and enter into a compact relating to their interest in, and the apportionment of, the waters of the Little Missouri River. p. D688



5. FOREIGN TRADE. The Ways and Means Committee ordered reported ~~H. R. 38, to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 so as to provide for the temporary free importation of casein,~~ and H. R. 7096, to exempt istle and Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930. p. D689
6. APPROPRIATIONS. Agreed to the conference report on H. R. 7665, the Defense Department appropriation bill for 1958. pp. 11389-96
7. DROUGHT RELIEF. Rep. Rogers urged that Mass. be declared a disaster area in order that "Federal help can be made available to those farmers and others needing immediate assistance." p. 11453
8. ATOMIC ENERGY. Rep. Coad discussed the effects of radioactive fallout and radiation, and inserted a newspaper article on the matter. p. 11450
9. PATENTS. A subcommittee of the Judiciary Committee ordered reported with amendment H.R. 8194, to fix the fee payable to the Patent Office, and ordered "adversely reported H.R. 2522, and similar bills, relating to patent extensions. p. D688

#### SENATE

10. FARM PROGRAM. Both Houses received from this Department a proposed bill to repeal the law which permits inter-warehouse grain shipments without the cancellation of warehouse receipts in certain circumstances, subject to USDA regulations; to Senate Agriculture and Forestry Committee and House Agriculture Committee. pp. 11328, 11453
11. TRANSPORTATION. The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported with amendments S. 1384, to revise the definition of contract carrier by motor vehicle (S. Rept. 703). p. 11330
12. MEATPACKING. The Judiciary Committee submitted its report on unfair practices in the meatpacking industry, to accompany S. 1356, which transfers to the FTC jurisdiction over monopolistic acts in that industry (S. Rept. 704). p. 11330
13. WILDERNESS. Sen. Humphrey inserted a Ravalli County, Mont., Fish and Wildlife Ass'n resolution favoring H. R. 500 and other bills to establish a National Wilderness Preservation System. p. 11329
14. FEDERAL-STATES RELATIONS. Sen. Frear inserted a Del. House resolution supporting efforts to restore certain rights to the States. p. 11328
15. INTEREST RATES. Sen. Martin inserted an editorial, "The Treasury's Dilemma," on the problem of interest rate increases and the public debt. p. 11335
16. INFLATION. Sen. Monroney inserted an editorial and an article on inflation which contended present controls were insufficient, and discussed the farm income problem with Sen. Gore. pp. 11341-2
17. SMALL BUSINESS. Sen. Mansfield inserted a letter urging improvements in the Small Business Administration. pp. 11335-6
18. TAX AMORTIZATION. Sen. Morse inserted a column on tax loopholes and stated that tax laws had lead to "grand larceny within the law," under the present Administration. p. 11337







August 2, 1957

H.R. 376, to include onions in the prohibition against dealings in commodity futures under the Commodity Exchange Act; and

H.R. 9020, with amendment, to transfer certain work under the Packers and Stockyards Act to the Federal Trade Commission. This bill transfers from the Secretary of Agriculture to the Federal Trade Commission jurisdiction over all activities of packers except those directly related to the processing and distribution of livestock, meats, meat food products, livestock products, dairy products, poultry, poultry products or eggs. It places under the Federal Trade Commission jurisdiction over all retail sales, including those commodities listed above. It places under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture regulations of all country buying of livestock, including that which is not now subject to such regulation because it takes place off of a major stockyard.

14. FOREIGN TRADE. The Ways and Means Committee reported ~~without amendment~~ H.R. 38, ~~to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 so as to provide for the temporary free importation of casein (H. Rept. 974); and H.R. 7096, with amendment, to exempt istle and Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930 (H. Rept. 976). p. 12292~~

15. TRANSPORTATION. The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported without amendment H.R. 8825, to revise the definition of contract carrier by motor vehicle as set forth in Sec. 203 (a) (15) of the Interstate Commerce Act (H. Rept. 970). p. 12292

16. PERSONNEL. Received from the Budget Bureau a proposed bill to provide a uniform premium-pay system for Federal employees engaged in inspectional services and to authorize a uniform system of fees and charges for such services; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee. p. 12292

Received from CSC a proposed bill to amend the Classification Act of 1949 so as to facilitate proper classification of positions in grades GS-16, GS-17, and GS-18; to Post Office and Civil Service Committee. p. 12292

17. FARM LABOR. Rep. Teague inserted a resolution adopted by the Agriculture Committee favoring the exemption of farm workers engaged in the packing of fruits and vegetables in the field or orchard from the provisions of Secs. 6 and 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act. p. 12283

18. SMALL BUSINESS. Passed without amendment S. 2504, to extend the Small Business Administration for one year (p. 12266). This bill will now be sent to the President.

19. FORESTRY. Agreed to, and sent to the Senate, the conference report on S. 469, to authorize the U.S. to defray the cost of existing the Klamath Indians to prepare for termination of Federal supervision and to defer sales of tribal property, including timberlands. p. 12251

20. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Rep. McCormack announced the following legislative program: Mon., Aug. 5, the consent calendar; Tues., the private calendar; and later in the week, H.R. 7244, to provide for a self-help meat promotion program, and the pay raise bill if a rule is granted. p. 12268

21. ADJOURNED until Mon., Aug. 5. p. 12292

#### ITEMS IN APPENDIX

22. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Yarborough inserted a Young Democratic Club of Dallas County (Tex.) resolution and stated "it condemns the effort to take the Hells Canyon site out of the realm of public domain..." pp. A6277-8



Rep. Ullman inserted an editorial, "Ike Appoints a Fox to Guard the Chickens," discussing the appointment of Douglas McKay as Chairman of the U.S. section of the International Joint Commission. p. A6289

Rep. Anderson inserted a constituent's letter asking "isn't there anything you can do legally to keep that Hells Canyon Dam project open for further discussion in Congress?" p. A6297

23. FOREIGN TRADE. Rep. King stated that the need for expanding world trade is clearly evident and inserted the testimony of the American Tunaboat Ass'n before the House Ways and Means Committee regard proposed Antidumping Act amendments. pp. A6286-8
24. ATOMIC ENERGY. Rep. Price inserted statements of Reps. Durham and Holifield giving background information on the atomic energy authorization bill. pp. A6279-80
25. FARM PROGRAM. Extension of remarks of Rep. Cooley stating that "the Wall Street Journal in a front-page article this morning says flatly that strategists of the Eisenhower administration aim to exploit disunity among farmers in Secretary Benson's maneuvers to lower price supports for farm commodities," and that "Cliff Hope encourages cooperation and unity among farmers," and inserted the magazine article and an article by Mr. Hope. pp. A6284-5
- Rep. McGovern criticized the administration's farm program. p. A6288
26. SOIL BANK. Rep. Udall inserted an article describing how another Arizona farmer received a \$204,000 soil bank payment. pp. A6288-9
27. BUDGETING. Rep. Reuss inserted two memorandums prepared by the Citizens Committee for the Hoover Report in support of H.R. 8002, to provide for the stating of appropriation estimates on an accrued expenditure basis. pp. A6293-5, A6299-300
- Rep. Boland inserted several editorials favoring H.R. 8002.
28. GRANTS-IN-AID. Rep. Dwyer spoke in favor of the hearings being held to study the relationship between the Federal Government and State and local governments and inserted an analysis of the grant-in-aid programs in N.J.. pp. A6301-2

#### BILLS INTRODUCED

29. PERSONNEL. S. 2684, by Sen. Johnston, S.C., to amend title 28, entitled "Judiciary and Judicial Procedure," of the United States Code to provide for the defense of suits against Federal employees arising out of their operation of motor vehicles in the scope of their employment; to Judiciary Committee.
30. FAMILY FARM. S. Res. 175, by Sen. Monroney, to authorize a study and investigation of operation and preservation of family-size farms; to Agriculture and Forestry Committee.
31. BUILDINGS. H.R. 9066-9099, by various Reps., to prohibit Government agencies to acquire or use the National Grange headquarters site without specific congressional approval; to Public Works Committee. Remarks of Rep. Westland, p. A6282 Remarks of Rep. Scudder. p. A6296.
- H.R. 9052, by Rep. Dawson, Ill., to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 to authorize the Administrator of General Services to lease space for Federal agencies for periods not exceeding 15 years; to Government Operations Committee.

## TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

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AUGUST 2, 1957.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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Mr. COOPER, from the Committee on Ways and Means, submitted the following

### R E P O R T

[To accompany H. R. 7096]

The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with an amendment and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

The amendment is as follows:

Page 1, line 8, strike out "in any manner".

#### GENERAL STATEMENT

The purpose of H. R. 7096, as reported, is to transfer dressed or manufactured istle or tampico from the dutiable to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Istle or tampico fiber is derived from several species of the agave plant which is indigenous to Mexico. It is one of the best known and most widely used of all vegetable brush fibers. Its principal use in the United States is in the manufacture of brushes. There is no domestic production of the raw fiber in the United States and recently there has been only insignificant production here of the dressed product from imported raw fiber.

Istle or tampico fiber, not dressed or manufactured in any manner, is specifically enumerated in paragraph 1684 of the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930. Imports of dressed istle fiber are classified under a "catchall" provision for "Articles manufactured, in whole or in part, not specifically provided for" (par. 1558), and are dutiable at the rate of 20 percent ad valorem. Pursuant to a trade agreement with Mexico, the rate of duty was reduced to 10 percent ad valorem,



effective January 30, 1943, but the rate reverted to 20 percent upon termination of the trade agreement on January 1, 1951.

The Tariff Commission has informed your committee that imports of dressed istle average 6 million pounds annually during the 8 years (1943-50) the trade agreement was in effect. In the 6-year period, 1951-56, since the trade agreement was terminated, imports of the dressed fiber averaged 6.4 million pounds per year.

The Tariff Commission has further informed your committee that good grades of the raw fiber are in short supply. The brush industry and importing interests have informed your committee that prices of the dressed fiber have risen with resulting increases in the cost of production and in the prices of the finished products.

Your committee has received favorable reports on H. R. 7096 from the Departments of State, Treasury, Commerce, and Agriculture, in addition to informative reports from the Labor Department and the Tariff Commission.

In view of the fact that the raw fiber is presently on the free list, that there is no significant domestic production of dressed fiber, that such fibers are in short supply with consequent increases in their prices, and that a removal of the present duty on dressed fibers of 20 percent ad valorem would reduce the burden of these higher prices on domestic users of such fibers, your committee is unanimous in recommending enactment of H. R. 7096.

#### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as introduced, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

#### PARAGRAPH 1684 OF SECTION 201 OF THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930

##### TITLE II—FREE LIST

Section 201. That on and after the day following the passage of this Act, except as otherwise specially provided for in this Act, the articles mentioned in the following paragraphs, when imported into the United States or into any of its possessions (except the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Wake Island, Midway Islands, Kingman Reef, Johnston Island, and the island of Guam), shall be exempt from duty:

\* \* \* \* \*

Par. 1684. (a) Grasses and fibers: Henequen, sisal, manila, jute, jute butts, kapok, [istle or Tampico fiber,] New Zealand fiber, sunn, maguey, ramie or China grass, raffia, pulu, and all other textile grasses or fibrous vegetable substances, not dressed or manufactured in any manner, and not specially provided for.

(b) *Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or manufactured in any manner.*

# Union Calendar No. 369

85TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 7096

[Report No. 976]

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 30, 1957

Mr. JENKINS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AUGUST 2, 1957

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Omit the part struck through]

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## A BILL

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

- 1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
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4       1930 is amended as follows: (1) After the paragraph num-  
5       ber insert “(a)”; (2) strike out “istle or Tampico fiber,”;  
6       and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows:  
7       “(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or  
8       manufactured ~~in any manner.~~”

85TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R. 7096**

[Report No. 976]

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# **A BILL**

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To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

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By Mr. JENKINS

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APRIL 30, 1957

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AUGUST 2, 1957

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed







August 5, 1957

16. WEATHER CONTROL. Passed as reported S. 86, to authorize research in cloud modification. p. 12314
17. MINERALS. Passed as reported S. 2039, to clarify the definition of labor required to be performed to hold unpatented mining claims on Federal land. pp. 12314-15
18. CENSUS. Passed as reported S. 1631, to amend generally the census laws. pp. 12326-7
19. BUILDINGS. Passed without amendment S. 2108, to authorize GSA to name, rename, or designate any building under its control. p. 12331
20. FEED GRAINS. Agreed to S. Res. 168, to print as a Senate document this Department's report on the feed grain program. p. 12340
21. RESEARCH; LAND. Agreed to S. Res. 169, to print as a Senate document a Library of Congress survey, "National Policies on Federal Landownership." p. 12340  
Passed as reported S. 1962, to convey certain ARS land near Bowie, Md., to the Perkins Chapel Methodist Church. p. 12342
22. FISH; RICE. Passed as reported S. 1552, to authorize this Department to establish a research program to develop methods for the commercial production of fish on flooded rice acreage. pp. 12341-2
23. FOREIGN AFFAIRS. Both Houses received the President's message on activities to promote the peace and stability of the Middle East, through June 30, 1957. pp. 12299, 12369
24. ROADS. Sen. Neuberger inserted an editorial, "Last Chance on Billboards," urging action on the bills to control signboards along the Federal interstate highway system. p. 12307
25. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Langer inserted a resolution from the West River Mutual Aid Telephone Corp of N.D., opposing any increase in REA interest rates. pp. 12299-12300  
Sen. Langer inserted a series of resolutions adopted by the N.D. Rural Electric Cooperative Ass'n, opposing any increase in REA interest rates; supporting construction of a high Federal dam at Hells Canyon; urging more loan funds for generation and transmission; supporting the preference concept; supporting H.R. 965, to limit repayment for electrification (on multi-purpose projects) to those costs related to such purposes; urging passage of the bill to allow TVA to sell its own bonds; urging development of the Yellowtail project on the Bighorn River; urging establishment of a "capital budget" accounting system; opposing private power firms "propaganda" advertising; urging further study on the allocation of Missouri River basin waters; and commending REA Administrator Hamil. pp. 12300-1  
At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 2406, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12310  
At the request of Sen. Barrett, passed over H.R. 8643, to authorize the construction of works of improvement in the Niagara River. p. 12345  
Sen. Stennis, as acting Majority leader, assured Sens. Case, S.D., and Kefauver, that the TVA and Niagara power bills would be presented to the policy committee for consideration as to the disposition of the bill at the conclusion of the Civil Rights Debate. pp. 12347-8



26. FISCAL POLICY. Sen. Bush inserted a series of articles on tight credit, lower prices, and the Administration's fiscal policies. pp. 12302-4

HOUSE

27. ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS. Passed without amendment H.R. 8030, to eliminate the requirement that notice of intention not to plant the full acreage allotment must be filed with the county committee in order for a farmer to receive credit for future acreage allotment purposes. p. 12374
28. FORESTRY; WATERSHEDS; COTTON; COUNTY COMMITTEES. The Agriculture Committee reported the following bills: p. 12446
- H.R. 580, with amendment, to authorize the exchange of certain land under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service with Mo. (H. Rept. 989).
- H.R. 5497, with amendment, to subject recreational and fish and wildlife development projects to certain conditions in order to receive Federal assistance under the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (H. Rept. 990).
- H.R. 6765, without amendment, to repeal the prohibitions against cotton acreage reports based on farmers' planting intentions (H. Rept. 991).
- H.R. 8508, with amendment, to provide two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties in Minn. and Iowa (H. Rept. 994).
29. PERSONNEL. The Post Office and Civil Service Committee reported with amendment H.R. 4640, to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act to permit persons transferring to non-Act positions to retain voluntary contribution accounts (H. Rept. 1000). p. 12446
30. NATURAL RESOURCES. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendment S.J. Res. 35, to provide for the observance and commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the first conference of State governors for the protection of the natural resources of the U.S.. (H. Rept. 988). p. 12446
31. FIBER. ~~The Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee reported with amendment H.R. 469, to protect producers and consumers against misbranding and false advertising of the fiber content of textile fiber products (H. Rept. 986). p. 12446~~
- Passed with amendment H.R. 7096, to exempt istle and Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930. pp. 12433-34
32. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Harvey defended the farm program against recent attacks, citing accomplishments during the past four years. p. 12438
- Rep. McGovern urged increased distribution of surplus foods, and suggested five methods for "better utilization of food surpluses." p. 12436
33. OLEOMARGARINE. Passed over, on objections by Rep. Andresen, Marshall, and Bass, H.R. 912, to provide for the serving of oleomargarine or margarine in the Navy ration. The bill was thus stricken from the consent calendar. p. 12369
34. PUBLIC LANDS. Passed as reported H.R. 8054, to provide for the leasing of oil and gas deposits in lands beneath inland navigable waters in Alaska. p. 12370
- Passed as reported H.R. 2237, to authorize the transfer of certain property of VA to the Johnson City (Tenn.) National Farm Loan Assoc. and the E. Tenn. Production Credit Assoc., local units of the Farm Credit Administration. p. 12371



# INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION TO FACILITATE THE IMPORTATION OF COMMERCIAL SAMPLES AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (H. R. 5924) relating to the International Convention To Facilitate the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Matter, which has been unanimously reported favorably by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That paragraph 1629 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C., sec. 1201, par. 1629), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(c) Any catalog, pricelist, or trade notice relating to offers, by a person whose principal place of business or bona fide residence is in a foreign country, to sell or rent products of a foreign country or to furnish foreign or international transportation or commercial insurance services."

SEC. 2. Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C., sec. 1201), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"PAR. 1821. (a) Except as provided in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d), any sample to be used in the United States only for soliciting orders for products of foreign countries.

"(b) Subparagraph (a) shall apply to a sample only if its value does not exceed \$1, except that this limitation shall not apply to (1) any sample which is marked, torn, perforated, or otherwise treated, in such a manner that such sample is unsuitable for sale or for use otherwise than as a sample, or (2) any sample which is covered by subparagraph (c) or (d).

"(c) In the case of samples of alcoholic beverages, subparagraph (a) shall apply only to samples for the use of persons importing alcoholic beverages in commercial quantities. In no case shall subparagraph (a) apply to more than one sample of each alcoholic beverage product admitted during any calendar quarter for the use of each such person. No sample of a malt beverage shall contain more than 8 ounces, no sample of wine shall contain more than 4 ounces, and no sample of any other alcoholic beverage shall contain more than 2 ounces.

"(d) In the case of samples of tobacco products, and cigarette papers and tubes, subparagraph (a) shall apply only to samples for the use of persons importing any such article in commercial quantities. In no case shall subparagraph (a) apply to more than one sample of each tobacco product, cigarette paper, or cigarette tube, admitted during any calendar quarter for the use of each such person. No such sample shall contain more than (1) 3 cigars, (2) 3 cigarettes, (3) one-eighth of an ounce of tobacco, (4) one-eighth of an ounce of snuff, (5) 3 cigarette tubes, or (6) 25 cigarette papers.

"(e) Any article which is exempted by this paragraph from the payment of duty shall also be exempt from the payment of any internal revenue tax imposed on or by reason of importation and from the labeling requirements of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act and chapter 52 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

"(f) The Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this paragraph."

SEC. 3. Section 308 (3) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C., sec. 1308 (3)), is amended by inserting "and motion-picture advertising films;" after "reproduction;"

SEC. 4. The amendments made by this act shall apply to articles entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption on or after the date on which the International Convention To Facilitate the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material comes into force for the United States.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of H. R. 5924 is to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the importation of advertising materials, samples, and advertising films so as to implement an international convention. The convention was dated at Geneva November 7, 1952, and was signed on behalf of the United States on May 28, 1953. The Senate gave its advice and consent to the ratification of the convention on February 22, 1956.

This bill would provide duty-free entry for import of catalogs, price lists, and trade notices relating to the sale or rental of foreign goods or services to United States residents; of certain samples to be used in the United States only for soliciting orders for products of foreign countries; and of motion-picture advertising films under bond.

The United States customs treatment of imports of advertising matter and samples has not been an appreciable barrier to foreign concerns opening or maintaining sales operations in this country and the enactment of the bill will not involve important changes in the tariff treatment of the imports involved. Nevertheless, enactment of the bill is necessary to bring such tariff treatment precisely into accord with that contemplated by the convention. Your committee is informed that United States exporting interests place considerable importance on certain foreign countries accepting the convention, since it is believed that its provisions will facilitate the entry of samples and advertising matter into these countries from the United States.

The Committee on Ways and Means is unanimous in reporting this bill.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. Speaker, as the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means has indicated, the committee has unanimously acted to report favorably to the House, H. R. 5924 providing for the importation of advertising materials, samples, and advertising films so as to implement international convention. This legislation would provide duty-free entry for imports of catalogs, price lists, and trade notices relating to the sale or rental of foreign goods and services to United States residents. The legislation as approved by the committee contains numerous safeguards so as to prevent abuses and the Bureau of Customs in the Department of the Treasury has advised the Committee on Ways and Means that no administrative difficulties are anticipated from the favorable consideration of this legislation.

Because of the action by the committee in unanimously approving this legislation, I have joined with the chairman of my committee in urging the House to approve H. R. 5924.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, which has been unanimously reported favorably by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That paragraph 1684 of section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended as follows: (1) After the paragraph number insert "(a)"; (2) strike out "istle or Tampico fiber,"; and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows:

"(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or manufactured in any manner."

With the following committee amendment: Page 1, line 8, strike out "in any manner."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, H. R. 7096, as reported, will transfer dressed or manufactured istle or tampico from the dutiable to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Istle or tampico fiber is derived from several species of the agave plant which is indigenous to Mexico. It is one of the best known and most widely used of all vegetable brush fibers. Its principal use in the United States is in the manufacture of brushes. There is no domestic production of this raw fiber.

Your committee has been informed that good grades of the raw fiber are in short supply and that prices of the dressed fiber have risen with resulting increases in the cost of production and in the prices of the finished products.

Istle or tampico fiber, not dressed or manufactured in any manner, is specifically enumerated in paragraph 1684 of the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930. Imports of dressed istle fiber are dutiable at the rate of 20 percent ad valorem. Pursuant to a trade agreement with Mexico, the rate of duty was reduced to 10 percent ad valorem, effective January 30, 1943, but the rate reverted to 20 percent upon termination of the trade agreement on January 1, 1951. This bill will transfer istle or tampico fiber to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930.

The Committee on Ways and Means is unanimous in reporting this bill.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. Speaker, it is my privilege to be the author of this legislation. In that capacity I express my sincere appreciation to the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means for presenting this legislation to the House and to my colleagues in the House of Representatives for their favorable action that they have just taken.



H. R. 7096 would transfer to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930 dressed or manufactured istle or tampico. This commodity is widely used in the United States in the manufacture of brushes. It is expected that the enactment of H. R. 7096 will improve the competitive position of our domestic brush industry. The executive departments reported favorably to the Committee on Ways and Means on this legislation.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### TEMPORARY FREE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN TANNING EXTRACTS

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (H. R. 2842) to amend the Tariff Act by including tanning material extracts on the duty-free list, which has been unanimously reported favorably by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the Tariff Act of 1930 be hereby amended in the following particulars:

(1) Removing from paragraph 38, title I, Tariff Act of 1930, tanning material extracts including chestnut, cutch, divi divi, hemlock, mangrove, myrobalans, oak, quebracho, sumac, valonia, wattle, and other extracts, decoctions, and preparations of vegetable origin used for tanning not specifically provided for, and combinations and mixtures of the foregoing articles.

(2) Inserting in paragraph 1670, title II, Tariff Act of 1930, the following language: "Tanning material extracts including chestnut, cutch, divi divi, hemlock, mangrove, myrobalans, oak, quebracho, sumac, valonia, wattle, and other extracts, decoctions, and preparations of vegetable origin used for tanning not specifically provided for, and combinations and mixtures of the foregoing articles."

With the following committee amendments:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert "That (a) so much of paragraph 38 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C., sec. 1001, par. 38) as precedes 'not specially provided for' is amended to read as follows:

"Par. 38. Extracts, dyeing: Chlorophyll, fustic, logwood, Persian berry, saffron, safflower, saffron cake, and other extracts, decoctions, and preparations of vegetable origin used for dyeing, coloring, or staining."

"(b) Paragraph 1670 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C., sec. 1201, par. 1670) is amended by inserting '(a)' after 'Par. 1670', and by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(b) Extracts, tanning: Chestnut, cutch, divi-divi, hemlock, mangrove, myrobalan, oak, quebracho, sumac, valonia, wattle, and other extracts, decoctions, and preparations of vegetable origin used for tanning, and combinations and mixtures of the foregoing; all the foregoing not containing alcohol and not specially provided for."

"Sec. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this Act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, during the 3-year period begin-

ning on the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this act."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, H. R. 2842, as amended, would provide for a suspension of duty for a period of 3 years on imports of tanning-material extracts which are now dutiable under paragraph 38 of the Tariff Act of 1930 at reduced trade agreements rates ranging from 3¼ to 7½ percent ad valorem.

Your committee is informed by the Department of Commerce that the domestic tanning-extract industry has been dependent upon domestic chestnut wood and bark for the domestic production of chestnut tanning extract, the only vegetable tanning material which has been produced in the United States in significant quantity. Your committee is further informed that since the Japanese blight virtually wiped out the chestnut trees along the Appalachian Range, domestic firms producing tanning extracts have been unable to secure raw materials for production of the extract and that, as a result, the domestic availability has steadily declined and the firms which produced the extract have largely gone into other fields of activity.

The Committee on Ways and Means unanimously reports this bill.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. Speaker, the Committee on Ways and Means has unanimously approved H. R. 2842 with amendments to provide a 3-year suspension of duties applicable to certain tanning material extracts. The Executive Departments reporting to the Committee on Ways and Means on this legislation all expressed a favorable attitude with respect to the legislative enactment. It is expected that this legislation will be of direct benefit to the domestic tanning extract industry and will be of indirect benefit to our economy generally.

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker, I have joined with the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means in supporting this legislation.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the temporary free importation of certain tanning extracts."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### AMENDING SECTION 812 (e) (1) (D) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1939

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the bill (H. R. 5938) to amend section 812 (e) (1) (D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 with respect to certain decedents who were adjudged incompetent before April 2, 1948, which has been unanimously reported favorably by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That section 812 (e) (1) (D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 (relating to bequests of an interest to a surviving spouse conditional on survival for a limited period) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"For the purposes of subparagraph (B), an event or contingency shall not be considered an event or contingency upon the occurrence of which an interest passing to the surviving spouse will terminate or fail if—

"(iii) within 6 months after the date of the decedent's death, such event or contingency becomes impossible of occurrence; and

"(iv) the decedent was adjudged incompetent before April 2, 1948, and was not restored to competency before his death."

SEC. 2. The amendment made by this act shall apply with respect to decedents dying after April 2, 1948.

SEC. 3. No interest shall be allowed or paid on any overpayment resulting from the amendment made by this act.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, Members of the House will recall that as a part of the general program of equalizing taxes between residents of community property and common law States, the Revenue Act of 1948 provided a marital deduction limited to 50 percent of a decedent's gross estate. The marital deduction provided by the Revenue Act of 1948 is available only where property will vest under the decedent's will in the surviving spouse within 6 months after the death of decedent, and only if the transfer actually occurs. As a result of this 6-month rule, wills containing the usual clause requiring a spouse to survive administration of the decedent's estate as a precedent to taking under the will were redrafted to eliminate the clause. However, it has come to the attention of the committee that because of incompetency, mental or otherwise, some wills were not changed, with the result that the testator's estate was denied the benefits of the marital deduction.

H. R. 5938 provides an exception to the 6-month rule in the case of terminable interest passing to a surviving spouse where the event which could terminate the interest becomes impossible of occurrence within 6 months of the decedent's death. This bill was unanimously ordered reported by the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. Speaker, H. R. 5938 would amend section 812 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 so as to correct a hardship situation that has arisen with respect to estates of mentally or otherwise incompetent individuals. The Revenue Act of 1948 provided that the marital deduction was available with respect to a surviving spouse if the property would go to the surviving spouse within 6 months after the death of the decedent and only then if the transfer actually occurred. Prior to the 1948 Revenue Act it was quite common for wills to require a spouse to survive the administration of a decedent's estate in order to receive specified property. The change in law made by the 1948 Revenue Act prompted many individuals to change the terms of their wills so as to be eligible for the marital deduction. However, such changes could not be made by individuals who



# H. R. 7096

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 8 (legislative day) of 1987

and twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

## AN ACT

To amend paragraph 1001 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to certain Chinese goods

1. That it be and it is the sense of the Congress—
2. that the following items of American merchandise—
3. (A) paragraph 1001 of section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (referred to as "section 1001") shall be amended to read—
4. "The merchandise listed in (1) shall be exempt from the duties imposed by (2) (A) from the date of enactment of this Act; and (B) shall be exempt from the duties—

5. (A) The law is further amended to read as follows:



# H. R. 7096

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 6 (legislative day, JULY 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

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## AN ACT

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2        *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3        That paragraph 1684 of section 201 of the Tariff Act of  
4        1930 is amended as follows: (1) After the paragraph num-  
5        ber insert “(a)”; (2) strike out “istle or Tampico fiber,”;  
6        and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows:

7        “(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or  
8        manufactured.”

Passed the House of Representatives August 5, 1957.

Attest:

RALPH R. ROBERTS,

*Clerk.*

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**AN ACT**

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To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to isle or Tampico fiber.

August 6 (legislative day, July 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued August 13, 1957  
For actions of August 12, 1957  
85th-1st, No. 145

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HIGHLIGHTS: Sen. Johnson announced Paarlberg nomination would be considered Aug. 13.

### HOUSE

1. PERSONNEL. A subcommittee of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee ordered reported with amendment H.R. 607, to increase the annuities payable to retired employees from the civil service retirement fund. p. D768

### SENATE

2. ELECTRIFICATION. Passed without amendment H.R. 8643, authorizing improvement works in the Niagara River. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 13149-67
3. PERSONNEL. At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 25, to make wage-board employee pay raises retroactive to within 30 days of the start of the survey. p. 13087  
At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 2127, to reduce Federal Employee's Group Life Insurance only 1% a month after 65 (instead of 2%) and stop such reductions at 50% of the face value (instead of 25%). p. 13088  
At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 72, to increase annuities paid to certain civil service annuitants. p. 13088  
At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over S. 734, to revise the basic compensation schedules of the Classification Act of 1949. p. 13088  
At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over H.R. 2462, to increase Federal salaries 11%. p. 13101

4. SAFETY. At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 931, to reorganize the Government safety functions. p. 13087
5. WATER RESOURCES. Passed as reported S. 1086, consenting to a Utah-Wyo. Bear River compact. pp. 13095-9  
At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S.Con.Res. 28, to print a compilation of materials on Columbia River Basin water resources. p. 13087  
Sen. Johnson pointed to the importance of an adequate flood control and water conservation program for Texas. p. 13102
6. LIVESTOCK; MONOPOLIES. At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 1356, to vest in the FTC jurisdiction over meatpackers for anti-trust purposes. 13088  
Sen. Thye inserted telegrams supporting the minority views of the Judiciary Committee, and announced he would support the Dirksen amendment to S. 1356, which would leave jurisdiction in USDA, but prevent non-meatpackers from escaping jurisdiction of FTC. pp. 13104-5
7. APPROPRIATIONS. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over H. J. Res. 426, to provide temporary appropriations for Aug.. p. 13088
8. ATOMIC ENERGY. At the request of Sen. Clark, passed over S. 2674, to authorize appropriations for AEC to aid in the construction of power reactors. p. 13089
9. PUBLIC LANDS. The Finance Committee reported without amendment H.R. 2237, to authorize the transfer of certain property of VA to the Johnson City (Tenn.) National Farm Loan Ass'n and the East Tenn. Production Credit Ass'n (S. Rept. 848). p. 13070
10. CASEIN. The Finance Committee reported without amendment H.R. 38, to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the temporary free importation of casein (S. Rept. 846). p. 13070
11. FIBER. The Finance Committee reported with amendment H.R. 7096, to exempt istle or Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930 (S. Rept. 855). p. 13070
12. FOREST PRODUCTS. The Indian Affairs Subcommittee ordered reported to the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee S. 2131, to delay submission of plans for the future control and transmission of the trust property of the Menominee Indian tribe, Wis.. p. D767  
Sen. Neuberger inserted a series of articles on the Klamath Indian Termination Act and the problems involved in selling the timber rights of the Klamath Indians. pp. 13105-9
13. PERSONNEL. Received from G.S.A. a proposed bill to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 to provide for certain employee training; to the Government Operations Committee. p. 13069
14. FORESTRY. Sen. Morse inserted a letter from the Forest Service enclosing a circular letter directing foresters to publish an annual sales program in all cases where public interest in such plans exists. p. 13087
15. FOREIGN AID. Agreed to print a compilation of material on U.S. aid to foreign countries as S. Doc. 52. p. 13072  
Sen. Smith, N.J., expressed his disappointment at the cuts made in the mutual security authorization bill, and inserted editorials opposing such reductions. pp. 3078-9



## TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

AUGUST 12, 1957.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. BYRD, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following

## REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 7096]

The Committee on Finance to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with amendments and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

## EXPLANATION OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The House bill would have made permanent the free importation of istle or Tampico fiber. The Finance Committee adopted an amendment limiting such free importation to a period of 3 years as a testing period and to provide for future congressional scrutiny. The 3-year limitation was adopted without prejudice in case future extensions are deemed advisable. The bill was also amended to provide for the free importation of a beta-ray spectrometer for the use of Stanford University in the field of research.

The committee felt that, inasmuch as the study and research of ultrashort rays is valuable to the health and scientific advancement of the country as a whole, and inasmuch as at least a part of this research is provided for by grants and contributions that free importation might be provided for in this case. At the same time it should be understood that the very few instances where import duties have been waived by special legislation should not be interpreted as a pattern that will necessarily be followed in the future. The committee will study the merits of each individual case and does not feel that any precedent is being established by this amendment.

## GENERAL STATEMENT

The purpose of H. R. 7096, as reported, is to transfer dressed or manufactured istle or Tampico from the dutiable to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Istle or Tampico fiber is derived from several species of the agave plant which is indigenous to Mexico. It is one of the best known and most widely used of all vegetable brush fibers. Its principal use in the United States is in the manufacture of brushes. There is no domestic production of the raw fiber in the United States and recently there has been only insignificant production here of the dressed product from imported raw fiber.

Istle or Tampico fiber, not dressed or manufactured in any manner, is specifically enumerated in paragraph 1684 of the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930. Imports of dressed istle fiber are classified under a "catchall" provision for "Articles manufactured, in whole or in part, not specifically provided for" (par. 1558), and are dutiable at the rate of 20 percent ad valorem. Pursuant to a trade agreement with Mexico, the rate of duty was reduced to 10 percent ad valorem, effective January 30, 1943, but the rate reverted to 20 percent upon termination of the trade agreement on January 1, 1951.

The Tariff Commission has reported that imports of dressed istle averaged 6 million pounds annually during the 8 years (1943-50) the trade agreement was in effect. In the 6-year period, 1951-56, since the trade agreement was terminated, imports of the dressed fiber averaged 6.4 million pounds per year.

The Tariff Commission states further that good grades of the raw fiber are in short supply. The brush industry and importing interests have informed members of Congress that prices of the dressed fiber have risen with resulting increases in the cost of production and in the prices of the finished products.

Favorable reports on H. R. 7096 were made by the Departments of State, Treasury, Commerce, and Agriculture in addition to informative reports from the Labor Department and the Tariff Commission.

In view of the fact that the raw fiber is presently on the free list, that there is no significant domestic production of dressed fiber, that such fibers are in short supply with consequent increases in their prices, and that a removal of the present duty on dressed fibers of 20 percent ad valorem would reduce the burden of these higher prices on domestic users of such fibers, enactment of H. R. 7096 is recommended.

#### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with subsection 4 of rule XXIX of the Standing Rules of the Senate, changes in existing law made by the bill, as reported, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italics, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

#### PARAGRAPH 1684 OF SECTION 201 OF THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930

##### TITLE II—FREE LIST

Section 201. That on and after the day following the passage of this Act, except as otherwise specially provided for in this Act, the articles mentioned in the following paragraphs, when imported into the United States or into any of its possessions (except the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Wake Island, Midway Islands, Kingman

Reef, Johnston Island, and the island of Guam), shall be exempt from duty:

\* \* \* \* \*

Par. 1684. (a) Grasses and fibers: Henequen, sisal, manila, jute, jute butts, kapok, [istle or Tampico fiber,] New Zealand fiber, sunn, maguey, ramie or China grass, raffia, pulu, and all other textile grasses or fibrous vegetable substances, not dressed or manufactured in any manner, and not specially provided for.

(b) *Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or manufactured.*

○





Calendar No. 882

85TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 7096

[Report No. 855]

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 6 (legislative day, JULY 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

AUGUST 12, 1957

Reported by Mr. BYRD, with amendments

[Insert the part printed in italic]

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## AN ACT

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2        *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*  
3        That paragraph 1684 of section 201 of the Tariff Act of  
4        1930 is amended as follows: (1) After the paragraph num-  
5        ber insert “(a)”; (2) strike out “istle or Tampico fiber,”;  
6        and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows:

7        “(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or  
8        manufactured.”

9        *SEC. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this*  
10       *Act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for con-*  
11       *sumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption.*

1 during the three-year period beginning on the day following  
2 the date of the enactment of this Act.

3       *SEC. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this*  
4 *Act, no tariff or customs duty shall apply with respect to*  
5 *a beta-ray spectrometer, complete, consisting of a magnet*  
6 *unit, motor-generator set, and control rack, which is entered*  
7 *or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption by Stanford*  
8 *University, Stanford, California, for use at such university*  
9 *in connection with research for the Office of Naval Research*  
10 *and the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, Incorporated, New*  
11 *York, New York.*

12       *(b) Subsection (a) shall apply whether such beta-ray*  
13 *spectrometer is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for*  
14 *consumption before, on, or after the date of the enactment*  
15 *of this Act. If the liquidation of such entry or withdrawal*  
16 *has become final, such entry or withdrawal may be reliqui-*  
17 *dated and the appropriate refund of duty may be made.*

18       *SEC. 4. Section 3 of this Act shall apply only so long as*  
19 *title to the beta-ray spectrometer entered or withdrawn free*  
20 *of duty under such section is vested in Stanford University.*  
21 *In the event that title to such spectrometer becomes vested*  
22 *in any other person after such entry or withdrawal, such*  
23 *spectrometer shall become subject to all duties imposed*  
24 *thereon by the revenue laws in force on the date on which*  
25 *such title becomes so vested. Such duties shall be assessed*

1 according to the appraised value on the date on which such  
2 title becomes so vested, with due allowance made for depre-  
3 ciation from handling and use.

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to amend paragraph 684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, and to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, California."

Passed the House of Representatives August 5, 1957.

Attest: RALPH R. ROBERTS,  
Clerk.

85TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R. 7096**

[Report No. 855]

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## **AN ACT**

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To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

AUGUST 6 (legislative day, JULY 8), 1957

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

AUGUST 12, 1957

Reported with amendments







Aug. 20, 1957

13. COTTON; DISASTER RELIEF. The Agriculture and Forestry Committee reported without amendment the following bills:  
S. 314, to assist the U.S. cotton textile industry through the disposition to them of surplus cotton (S. Rept. 1056); and  
S. 304, to require States to contribute from 25% to 50% of the cost of feed or seed furnished to farmers in disaster areas (S. Rept. 1055). p. 13920
14. WOOL. The Finance Committee reported with amendments H.R. 6894, to amend the Tariff Act with regard to mica, including a provision for the duty-free entry of certain wool yarn, which was added by the Senate Committee (S. Rept. 1053). p. 13920
15. PUBLIC LANDS. Passed without amendment H.R. 2237, to authorize the transfer of certain VA property to the Johnson City (Tenn.) National Farm Loan Ass'n and the East Tenn. Production Credit Ass'n. p. 13952  
Passed as reported H.R. 5538, to provide that withdrawals, reservations, or restrictions of more than 5,000 acres of public lands of the U.S. for certain purposes shall not become effective until approved by an act of Congress. pp. 13955-6
16. RECLAMATION. Passed without amendment S. 2037, to authorize performance of necessary protection work between the Yuma Project and Boulder Dam. p. 13958
17. ATOMIC ENERGY. Agreed to the conference report on H.R. 8996, AEC authorization bill for construction of certain power reactors. pp. 13968-9, 13972-4
18. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Young inserted and commended a U.S. News article, "Five Billions For Farm Aid--Where Does It All Go?", summarizing the Department's 1956 budget and program, and inserted a Time magazine article, "The \$5 Billion Farm Scandal--Every Day in Every Way It Gets Worse," which he criticized as "one of the most unfair articles I have ever read." pp. 13924-6  
Sen. Aiken inserted various recommendations of the Conference on Economic Progress, urging a reduction in the number of farmers and what Sen. Aiken called "virtually a recommendation of the rural development program which is being promoted by President Eisenhower." pp. 13926-7
19. PERSONNEL. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over S. 25, to make wage-board pay raises retroactive to 30 days after initiation of the survey, and S. 734, to revise the basic compensation schedules of the Classification Act of 1949; and at the request of Sen. Purtell passed over H.R. 2462, to adjust the basic rates of compensation of certain officers and employees. pp. 13947, 13948, 13951  
At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 2127, to reduce Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance only 1% a month after 65 to a minimum of 50% of the face value (rather than 2% and 25%). p. 13948  
At the request of Sen. Purtell, passed over S. 72, to increase annuities payable to certain annuitants from the Civil Service retirement fund. p. 13948
20. DAIRY PRODUCTS. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over H.R. 38, to provide for the temporary free importation of casein. p. 13962
21. FIBER; WOOL. At the request of Sen. Talmadge, passed over H.R. 7096, to exempt istle or Tampico fiber from the Tariff Act of 1930. Sen. Beall proposed an amendment to the bill which would remove from the dutiable to the free list woolen yarn of less than 3 inches in length. p. 13954



22. TRANSPORTATION. Began consideration of the conference report on S. 939, relative to rendering transportation services to the Government at free or reduced rates under Sec. 22 of the ICC Act. (pp. 13998, 14005-6, 14008, 14021-4) The House agreed to the report Aug. 19.
23. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Thye inserted a resolution of the Elk River Rural Cooperative Power Ass'n urging Congress to appropriate to the AEC funds for power development with such amendments as to allow the continuation of contract procedures for construction of a nuclear reactor powerplant. p. 13920
24. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Smith, N.J., inserted a breakdown of the relative figures of the various sections of the mutual security appropriation bill, and stated the House cuts "are cause for serious concern about every category in the bill." p. 13926
- Sen. Symington inserted an editorial, "Gum-Up On Foreign Aid," criticizing the administration for not "strengthening the case for mutual security." p. 13933
- Sen. Byrd urged cuts in foreign aid, and pointed to the sums in foreign currencies generated by Public Law 480 and other programs to show that over \$1 billion in "non-appropriated, non-accountable" funds is available above the sums budgeted. pp. 13995-6
25. FOREIGN TRADE. Sens. Douglas, Case (S.D), Javits, Mansfield, and Byrd discussed the proposed increase in the lead and zinc tariff, and Sen. Douglas inserted the minority views of himself and Sen. Gore on the bill, which they termed "an attempt to undermine our reciprocal trade program." pp. 13930-2
26. FISCAL POLICY. Sen. Cooper inserted the statement of Federal Reserve Board Chairman Martin before the Finance Committee on the monetary and credit policies of the Federal Government and the present economic situation. pp. 13941-4
27. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Johnson announced that the Senate would resume consideration of S. 939, relative to rendering transportation services to the Government at reduced rates, on Wed., August 21, following which the Senate would possibly consider, among others, S. 25, making wage board employee pay increases retroactive to 30 days after initiation of the survey, the conference report on H.R. 4602, the veteran's housing bill, S. 2377, providing for the production of statements or reports of witnesses, and S. 1356, vesting jurisdiction over monopolistic trade practices by persons engaged in commerce in meat or meat products in the FTC. p. 14025

#### ITEMS IN APPENDIX

28. REA LOANS. Sen. Johnson inserted a resolution of the Nat'l Telephone Cooperative Ass'n opposing the proposed increase in REA interest rates. p. A6834
29. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Fulbright inserted an editorial discussing the cuts made in foreign aid appropriations, stating that the cuts are big but their true significance cannot be measured in terms of money, and that the President "will have to do more than read speeches and statements that are written for him, and to plead at the last moment with the leaders of Congress." pp. A6834-5
30. FARM INCOME. Extension of remarks of Sen. Johnson stating that "those of us who come from agricultural States are well aware that farmers and ranchers are not getting their share of the national income," and inserting Dr. Timm's, Texas A&M College, address, "Changing Nature of American Agriculture." pp. A6838-9



Calendar No. 882

85TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 7096

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 20, 1957

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

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## AMENDMENTS

Intended to be proposed by Mr. BEALL to the bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, viz: At the end of the bill insert the following new section:

1        SEC. 5. (a) Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is  
2 amended by adding at the end thereof the following new  
3 paragraph:

4        “PAR. 1822. Yarns, wholly or in chief value of wool,  
5 dyed and cut into uniform lengths not exceeding three inches,  
6 in immediate packages or containers not exceeding six ounces  
7 in weight, including the weight of the immediate package or  
8 container.”

9        (b) The amendment made by this section shall apply  
10 only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or with-

- 1 drawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after the day
- 2 following the date of enactment of this Act.

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, California, and for other purposes."

Calendar No. 882

85TH CONGRESS  
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**H. R. 7096**

## **AMENDMENTS**

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AUGUST 20, 1957

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed



There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD

Section 1 of this bill provides a new definition of widow for pension purposes applicable to all wars. If the legal widow was not married to the veteran within the delimiting marriage date, under existing law, she would, nevertheless, be eligible for pension if she (1) was married to the veteran for 5 or more years, or (2) for any period of time if a child was born of the marriage.

These provisions are in the law today for widows who draw compensation for service-connected death cases.

Section 2 of the bill includes a provision to permit a person to receive a pension even though there was a legal impediment to her marriage if she entered into such marriage without any knowledge of such legal impediment. It will permit a claimant to establish, by proof satisfactory to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, that without any knowledge of a legal impediment she entered into a marriage with the veteran and, but for such legal impediment, the marriage would have been valid and she would qualify for a widow's pension.

It is estimated that 12,000 widows of World War I veterans would benefit under section 1 of this bill at an estimated cost for the first year of \$6,559,000. There will be no additional cost for Korean cases until after 1965. The Veterans' Administration and Bureau of the Budget approve of this bill.

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN PROPERTY TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The bill (H. R. 4098) to provide for the conveyance to the State of California a portion of the property known as Veterans' Administration Center Reservation, Los Angeles, Calif., to be used for National Guard purposes was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR MORSE ON H. R. 4098

This bill would authorize the General Services Administrator to convey to California a 3.85-acre tract of land for National Guard purposes.

The bill provides for a reversion to the United States in the event the land should cease to be used for National Guard purposes, and contains a reservation of mineral rights.

The bill does not violate the Morse formula. Like its many predecessors, a consideration is found in the benefits derived by the United States through the use of this land for national-defense purposes.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD

This bill will authorize the Administrator of General Services to transfer, without monetary consideration, to the State of California a 3.85-acre tract of land in the reservation of the Veterans' Administration Center at Los Angeles, Calif., to be used for training of the National Guard and other military purposes. In the event it ceases to

be so used, the land shall revert, together with any improvements, to the United States. The bill reserves to the United States all mineral, gas, and oil rights and authorizes reentry to the property in case of war or national emergency. The State of California will bear the cost of surveys.

The Veterans' Administration has no objection to the bill.

MAILING OR SHIPPING CHARGES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY LEFT BY DECEASED VETERANS

The bill (H. R. 5757) to increase the maximum amount payable by the Veterans' Administration for mailing or shipping charges of personal property left by any deceased veteran on Veterans' Administration property was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD

The purpose of this bill is to increase from \$10 to \$25 the maximum amount that may be paid by the Veterans' Administration for mailing or shipping charges of personal property left by any deceased veteran on Veterans' Administration property.

The forwarding of personal property of a deceased veteran to the person entitled to receive such property is regarded as a necessary service to benefits furnished the veteran and his family during his last illness and upon his death in a Veterans' Administration hospital or domiciliary.

The Veterans' Administration and Bureau of the Budget endorse this bill and estimate that the annual cost would not be more than \$500.

IMPORTATION OF COMMERCIAL SAMPLES AND ADVERTISING MATTERS

The bill (H. R. 5924) relating to the international convention to facilitate the importation of commercial samples and advertising matter was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD—IMPORTATION WITHOUT PAYMENT OF DUTY OF COMMERCIAL SAMPLES AND ADVERTISING MATTER

On February 22, 1956, the Senate of the United States gave ratification to an International Convention one phase of which was to provide for the freer exchange of advertising matter and samples of products. The United States already permits much of this material to enter free and this bill will have little effect on present trade practices nor will it affect domestic producers to any noticeable extent. It will, however, pave the way for other countries to adopt the same kind of legislation and permit material from the United States to be sent free to those countries.

I am informed that favorable reports on this bill were received by the House Ways and Means Committee from the Departments of State and Treasury.

ADMISSION OF ARTICLES IMPORTED FOR EXHIBITION PURPOSES WITHOUT PAYMENT OF TARIFF

The bill (H. R. 8705) to permit articles imported from foreign countries for the purpose of exhibition at the St. Lawrence seaway celebration, to be held at Chicago, Ill., to be admitted without payment of tariff, and for other purposes was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD—FREE IMPORTATION OF EXHIBITS TO BE SHOWN AT THE ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY CELEBRATION

This is a bill similar to a number of other bills which Congress has approved in the past to permit the free entry of exhibits for special and particular fairs or celebrations. The same strict rules and regulations governing the shipment and use of these materials and articles are written into this bill. There is no opposition to this bill.

FREE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN TANNING EXTRACTS

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 2842) to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the temporary free importation of certain tanning extracts.

Mr. FREAR. Mr. President, I offer an amendment and ask that it be read.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be stated.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. At the end of the bill it is proposed to insert the following:

SEC. 3. The tax imposed under section 4511 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply with respect to the first domestic processing of coconut oil, fatty acids derived therefrom, or salts thereof, or of any combination or mixture solely because such combination or mixture contains a substantial quantity of such oil, fatty acids, or salts, during the period beginning with the first day of the first month which begins more than 10 days after the date of the enactment of this act and ending with the close of June 30, 1960.

Amend the title so as to read: "An act to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the temporary free importation of certain tanning extracts, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to suspend temporarily the tax on the processing of coconut oil."

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, will the Senator yield for a question?

Mr. ANDERSON. Mr. President, I should like to say, if the Senator from Georgia will indulge me, that this is a matter which came to the Committee on Finance, and the committee considered the attachment of the proposed amendment. The amendment relates to coconut oil. I was not satisfied with the language and, since it concerned an agricultural product, I asked for the views of the Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture does not object to the passage of the bill. After a very careful consideration of it, the Committee on Finance voted to accept



the amendment when it was offered on the floor of the Senate. I merely wished to make that explanation. The Senator from Georgia is interested in certain agricultural products which at one time would have been affected by this situation.

Mr. TALMADGE. I appreciate very much the explanation of the Senator from New Mexico. He has answered the questions I desired to propound to the Senator from Delaware.

Mr. PURTELL. Mr. President, will the Senator from New Mexico yield for a question?

Mr. ANDERSON. Certainly.

Mr. PURTELL. Was the bill reported unanimously from the committee after full consideration of it?

Mr. ANDERSON. It was reported unanimously. We reserved the right to object if it were discovered that the Department of Agriculture felt it would affect other types of oil, such as cottonseed oil and peanut oil. We found this was a proper bill, and all objections were withdrawn, and the bill was unanimously reported.

Mr. PURTELL. I have no objection to the bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Delaware [Mr. FREAR].

The amendment was agreed to.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time and passed.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a statement regarding the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BYRD—TEMPORARY FREE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN TANNING EXTRACTS

Tanning extracts are available in the United States only in very limited quantities. A former source of supply, chestnut wood and bark, is no longer available since the blight has destroyed most domestic chestnut trees. As a result tanners in foreign countries have a distinct advantage over American tanners. This bill would assist them to compete. There has been no opposition.

The Departments of State, Commerce, and Treasury recommend enactment of this bill.

TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

The bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930, with respect to istle or Tampico fiber was announced as next in order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. TALMADGE. Over, Mr. President.

Mr. PURTELL. Mr. President, will the Senator from Georgia withhold his objection until the Senator from Maryland has had an opportunity to offer an amendment? After the Senate has adopted the amendment, I will suggest that the bill go to the foot of the calendar.

Mr. TALMADGE. I have no objection to the bill going to the foot of the calendar, but we do object to it. We have registered an objection by request. The Calendar Committee is not prepared at this time to approve of the passage of the bill. However, I have no objection to the bill going to the foot of the calendar.

Mr. PURTELL. I thank the Senator. I shall not request that the bill go to the foot of the calendar. I had reference to another bill.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that I may offer my amendment.

Mr. TALMADGE. I have no objection to the Senator from Maryland offering his amendment. We have registered an objection to the bill, and we are not prepared to consent to the passage of the bill at this time.

Mr. BEALL. I should like to make a statement on my amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. All committee amendments would have to be agreed to before the Senator's amendment would be in order.

Mr. BEALL. I should like to make my statement on the bill.

Mr. FREAR. Mr. President, what is the status of the bill?

Mr. ANDERSON. We cannot hear what is going on.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, I wish to make a statement as to my amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maryland reserves his right to object to the consideration of the bill, so that he may make a statement on an amendment which he proposes to offer.

Mr. FREAR. Is the Senate considering Calendar No. 882, H. R. 7096?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, my amendment to H. R. 7096, would amend paragraph 1684, of the Tariff Act of 1930.

This amendment would remove from the dutiable to the free list, woolen yarns of a length not to exceed 3 inches. These yarns are in no way competitive with commercial domestic production, as the product is not produced in this country.

Each of the departments of the Government, the Departments of State, Treasury, Agriculture, and the Tariff Commission have submitted favorable reports on this amendment.

The wool growers and manufacturers associations raised some question about the original wording of the amendment, and we have no accepted wording which is agreeable to them. They are now in full accord with this amendment and its wording, and have no objection to its adoption.

Since all parties concerned are in agreement and without objection to this language, I offer it as an amendment to the pending bill, H. R. 7096.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of my proposed amendment be printed in the RECORD at this point.

There being no objection, the text of the amendment was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

At the end of the bill insert the following new section:

"SEC. 5. (a) Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Par. 1822. Yarns, wholly or in chief value of wool, dyed and cut into uniform lengths not exceeding 3 inches, in immediate packages or containers not exceeding 6 ounces in weight, including the weight of the immediate package or container."

"(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after the day following the date of enactment of this act.

"Amend the title so as to read: 'An act to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., and for other purposes.'"

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, over.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objection is heard. The bill will be passed over.

SALE OF CERTAIN LANDS IN WYOMING TO BUD E. BURNAUGH

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 1826) to authorize the sale of certain lands of the United States in Wyoming to Bud E. Burnaugh.

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, the bill would authorize Mr. Bud E. Burnaugh to purchase, under the Small Tract Act of 1938 (43 U. S. C., secs. 682a, et seq.), a 5-acre tract of land for which he had filed application in 1951.

Mr. Burnaugh entered, under a business site lease containing an option to purchase that conformed to Department of Interior Regulations, and put improvements on the land valued at \$18,000.

Later, his attempt to exercise the purchase option was rejected because it was determined that by an Executive order of 1930 the land had been withdrawn from disposal because of its mineral character.

The Department of Interior recognized that its decision was harsh under the circumstances, and suggested remedial legislation.

I am in favor of remedial legislation being passed. H. R. 1826, if I understand correctly, corrects the injustices, and the Morse formula is not violated by it. However, I should like to ask the Senator who is in charge of the bill to answer one question for the RECORD. Is it perfectly clear, if we pass the bill, that the mineral rights are reserved in this case, pursuant to the Small Tract Act of 1938? Can the Senator from Wyoming [Mr. BARRETT] answer that question? I wish to be sure that what we are doing is correcting an injustice and not turning over to the purchaser the mineral rights under the property, which is certainly not what I understand to be contemplated by the act. I have looked in vain to find any language in the committee report which would give me that assurance.

Mr. BARRETT. I am perfectly willing that the bill go to the foot of the calendar.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued  
For actions of

August 26, 1957  
August 23, 1957  
85th-1st, No.154

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HIGHLIGHTS: House and Senate completed action on supplemental appropriation bill. Sen. Symington introduced and discussed bill to provide equitable treatment for participants in acreage reserve program. Sen. Magnuson introduced and discussed bill to establish calendar year as Government's fiscal year, etc..

## SENATE

1. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. Both Houses acted on remaining items in disagreement (not involving USDA) to this bill, H. R. 9131. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 14375-9, 14434-40
2. PURCHASING. The Small Business Committee submitted a report, "Government Procurement, 1957; Case Studies in Government Procurement" (S. Rept. 1111). p. 14341
3. MEAT PACKING. Sen. Young submitted amendments which he intends to propose to S. 1356, to transfer certain USDA functions under the Packers and Stockyards Act to FTC. p. 14345
4. PERSONNEL. Sen. Pastore spoke in favor of pay increases for Federal employees. pp. 14351-2  
Began debate on S. 2377, to provide standards for production of Government records in loyalty cases, etc. pp. 14398-410, 14415-17, 14422-31
5. FOREIGN AID. Sen. Johnson spoke in support of this program. p. 14337



Sen. Smith, N. J., spoke on the availability of foreign currencies for the mutual security program. pp. 14347-8

Passed without amendment H. R. 2938, to provide for refund of excise taxes on articles shipped by CARE. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 14386

6. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Anderson deplored the difficulty a rural electric cooperative in Mich. is having in obtaining a suitable contract from an industrial firm for construction of an atomic energy plant. pp. 14352-3
  7. RURAL DEVELOPMENT. Sen. Dirksen inserted and commended a Time article describing the rural development program. p. 14360
  8. SCHOOL LUNCHES. Passed as reported S. 1764, to authorize payment of the cost of free lunches for needy children in the D. C. schools. pp. 14379-80
  9. PROPERTY DISPOSAL. Sen. Morse explained the philosophy and provisions of the so-called "Morse formula" regarding payments in connection with disposal of Government real property. pp. 14421-2
  10. FIBER IMPORTS. Agreed to the committee amendments to H. R. 7096, to suspend tariff on istle or Tampico fiber, which was then temporarily laid aside. p. 14391
  11. ATOMIC ENERGY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. Both Houses agreed to the conference reports on this bill, H. R. 9379, which had been passed by the Senate earlier in the day. pp. 14366-8, 14454, 14392, 14470, 14398, 14476 (This bill will now be sent to the President.)
  12. FARM PROGRAM. Sen. Symington commended the report of the Conference on Economic Progress, "Full Prosperity for Agriculture," and stated that present USDA policies differ from those set forth in the report. p. 14353
  13. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Sen. Johnson announced several bills which are to be taken up by motion at any time, including H. R. 8030, regarding acreage listing, and H. R. 8508, to authorize two committees for certain counties. He announced that such motions will not be made without advance notice. It was agreed that the calendar will be read today, Aug. 26. pp. 14339, 14411-12
  14. ADJOURNED until Mon., Aug. 26. p. 14431
- HOUSE
15. DAIRY PRICES. Rep. Christopher pointed to the 1-day strike of bulk milk truck-drivers of the N. Y. area, which resulted in higher wages, and urged the dairy farmers to join to gain a "fair and reasonable price" for milk products. p. 14432
  16. DISASTER RELIEF. Received from the Army Engineers a report on a hurricane survey of Narragansett Bay area, R. I. and Mass. (H. Doc. 230). p. 14475
  17. FLOOD CONTROL. Received an Army Engineers report on a flood control survey of the Kaskaskia River, Ill. (H. Doc. 232). p. 14476
  18. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM. Rep. Albert said the conference report on the mutual security appropriation bill will be taken up this week. p. 14471
  19. ADJOURNED until Mon., Aug. 26. p. 14475



Senate on the National Monument Commission, where we speak respectively for our two parties. That is why we are allied as joint sponsors of the great monument to democracy and freedom, which soon will be erected in the vicinity of the national capital.

I also wish to commend Dr. Kenneth D. Wells, the Director of the Freedom Foundation at Valley Forge, who has provided the principal stimulus for this proposal. Dr. Wells is a man of profound spiritual convictions and great patriotism. He was in my office in furtherance of this project, even after he had just suffered a slight heart attack and when he should have been accepting the counsel of his physicians to rest and to withdraw from such strenuous activity.

The fact that this monument will represent the concerted generosity of school-children and others across our broad land will give it additional significance and meaning. It will not be remote and impersonal. It will be alive and tangible. It will embody what the illustrious Jefferson envisioned, when he foresaw a country enshrining "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

In addition, I wish to commend two members of the Senate Interior and Insular Affairs Committee who have helped to bring this national monument bill before the Senate so promptly—the chairman of the full committee, the distinguished senior Senator from Montana [Mr. MURRAY] and the able chairman of the Public Lands Subcommittee, the junior Senator from Wyoming [Mr. O'MAHONEY] who kindly arranged for a speedy public hearing at the request of Senator ALLOTT and myself, so that a number of constituents of the junior Senator from Virginia [Mr. ROBERTSON] might make their views known regarding the location and prospective financing of the project.

#### CONVEYANCE OF PORTION OF UNITED STATES MILITARY RESERVATION AT FORT SCHUYLER, N. Y., TO STATE OF NEW YORK

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1136, House bill 4609.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (H. R. 4609) to further amend the act entitled "An act to authorize the conveyance of a portion of the United States military reservation at Fort Schuyler, N. Y., to the State of New York."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JAVITS. Mr. President, the purpose of the bill is to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Army to relinquish restrictions on use and modify reserved rights of reentry in an undefined part of the former Fort Schuyler Military Reservation, a portion of which was conveyed to the State of New York pursuant to the act of September 5, 1950, and which is now being used for a maritime academy and for other defense uses.

The bill enables the State of New York and the city of New York to proceed with a new bridge to link the Boroughs of Queens and the Bronx, with some of the supports to be erected on a portion of

the Fort Schuyler Reservation, and with the bridge proper to pass over other parts of the installation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading of the bill.

The bill (H. R. 4609) was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 882, House bill 7096; and I request the attention of the Senator from Ohio [Mr. LAUSCHE] and the Senator from Texas [Mr. YARBOROUGH].

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be read by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Finance, with amendments, on page 1, after line 8, to insert:

SEC. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, during the 3-year period beginning on the day following the date of the enactment of this act.

On page 2, after line 2, to insert:

SEC. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, no tariff or customs duty shall apply with respect to a beta-ray spectrometer, complete, consisting of a magnet unit, motor-generator set, and control rack, which is entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption by Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., for use at such university in connection with research for the Office of Naval Research and the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y.

(b) Subsection (a) shall apply whether such beta-ray spectrometer is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this act. If the liquidation of such entry or withdrawal has become final, such entry or withdrawal may be reliquidated and the appropriate refund of duty may be made.

And, after line 17, to insert:

SEC. 4. Section 3 of this act shall apply only so long as title to the beta-ray spectrometer entered or withdrawn free of duty under such section is vested in Stanford University. In the event that title to such spectrometer becomes vested in any other person after such entry or withdrawal, such spectrometer shall become subject to all duties imposed thereon by the revenue laws in force on the date on which such title becomes so vested. Such duties shall be assessed according to the appraised value on the date on which such title becomes so vested, with due allowance made for depreciation from handling and use.

The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. LAUSCHE. Mr. President, a parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Ohio will state it.

Mr. LAUSCHE. What bill is now before the Senate?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. It is Calendar No. 882, House bill 7096.

Mr. LAUSCHE. Mr. President, that was not the bill the Senator from Texas [Mr. YARBOROUGH] and I have asked to have considered.

#### CLARIFICATION OF ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS ACT

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the pending bill be temporarily laid aside, and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1112, Senate bill 2535.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be read by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (S. 2535) to amend the Alaska Public Works Act to clarify the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to convey federally owned land utilized in the furnishing of public works.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

Mr. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, the Committee on Public Works reported the bill unanimously, but it appears that the House has passed a similar bill, H. R. 8646, so I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of H. R. 8646, and that Senate bill be indefinitely postponed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs is discharged from further consideration of House bill 8646.

Is there objection to the present consideration of House bill 8646?

There being no objection, the bill (H. R. 8646) to amend the Alaska Public Works Act—Sixty-third United States Statutes at Large, page 627; title 48, United States Code, page 486, and the following—to clarify the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to convey federally owned land utilized in the furnishing of public works, was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, Senate bill 2535 is indefinitely postponed.

#### BEAR CREEK BRIDGE, MARYLAND

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1116, H. R. 6363.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A bill (H. R. 6363) to amend the act of May 24, 1928, providing for a bridge across Bear Creek, Lovel Point, Baltimore County, Md.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, all this bill does is to permit another bridge to be built in Baltimore County, which will be paid for by the local authorities, and



will not cost the Federal Government one cent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to amendment. If there be no amendment to be offered, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1958

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, will the Senator yield to me?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. I yield to the distinguished Senator from Arizona.

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives as to H. R. 9379, the Atomic Energy Commission appropriation bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 9379) making appropriations for the Atomic Energy Commission for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1958, and for other purposes, and requesting a conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon.

Mr. HAYDEN. I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments, agree to the request of the House for a conference, and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The motion was agreed to; and the Presiding Officer appointed Mr. HAYDEN, Mr. HILL, Mr. ANDERSON, and Mr. THYE conferees on the part of the Senate.

#### RIGHTS OF VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES IN TERRITORIAL WATERS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Order No. 861, S. 1483, and I ask the minority leader to notify the Senator from Delaware [Mr. WILLIAMS], who desires to be heard.

I call to the attention of the Senator from Ohio [Mr. LAUSCHE], and the junior Senator from Texas [Mr. YARBOROUGH] that I am moving that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 861, Senate bill 1483, reported by the Senator from Washington [Mr. MAGNUSON], to amend the act of August 27, 1954, relating to the rights of vessels of the United States on the high seas and in the territorial waters of foreign countries.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title for the information of the Senate.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (S. 1483) to amend the act of August 27, 1954, relating to the rights of vessels of the United States on the high seas and in the territorial waters of foreign countries.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce with amendments, which amendments were agreed to on August 9, 1957 (see CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, p. 12971).

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I wonder if the junior Senator from Texas is prepared to explain the bill at this point, or if he would prefer that the absence of a quorum be suggested.

Mr. YARBOROUGH. Whatever is agreeable to the majority leader.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. I yield the floor so the junior Senator from Texas may be recognized.

Mr. YARBOROUGH. Mr. President, Senate bill 1483 proposes to amend the existing law, the act of August 27, 1954. In 1954 the United States Congress enacted a law to protect the rights of vessels of the United States on the high seas and in territorial waters of foreign countries. The purpose of the law was to give protection to American fishing boats in the Gulf of Mexico and in the Pacific Ocean which were being seized by foreign countries, sometimes when they were 200 miles from any land, on the claim that the waters on which they were seized belonged to Ecuador, Mexico, or some other country.

The law enacted in 1954 provided for reimbursement of owners of such fishing boats for fines extorted from them by foreign countries. The Secretary of State always negotiated to get the fishing boats released.

The proposed amendment of that law provides protection for seamen shot on such ships and provides for payments to widows of those who are killed.

It further provides that the Secretary of State must determine that any payments made are just. The claimant has no recourse from the decision of the Secretary of State.

The bill also includes a provision, added as a result of action by the committee, that the Secretary of State shall take action to collect money from foreign countries on account of such claims so paid.

Under existing international law, owners of vessels are powerless to protect themselves. The conduct of international diplomacy is in the hands of the State Department. Fishing boats cannot mount their own cannon and engage in warfare. Since the conduct of our foreign affairs is in the State Department and since the Department wisely, I think, pursues a good-neighbor policy, the only way to protect fishermen is for the Federal Government to pay whatever the foreign governments levy against them, whether it be fines or the seizure of fishing gear, or if the lives of fishermen are taken—and then have the State Department take action against the foreign country which has wronged our shipping and fishermen to see that such country makes restitution to this country.

While these incidents have arisen in the Gulf of Mexico and in the Pacific Ocean primarily, passage of the bill would afford protection to any vessel anywhere which was flying the Ameri-

can flag. If Red China seized a ship off Formosa, and we refused to defend it, under this bill it would be the duty of the Government to pay the owner and to present a claim to the country seizing the ship.

Mr. LONG. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. I yield.

Mr. LONG. Does the bill seek to take care of the problem which arose in the Gulf of Mexico a short time ago, when ships of the Mexican Government came out beyond the 3-mile limit and seized shrimp fishermen?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. The Mexican ships came out beyond the 3-mile limit or the 12-mile limit.

Mr. LONG. As a matter of fact, in that instance the fishing boats were so far out at sea that they were not even in sight of Mexican land. Is that correct?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. They were so far out in the gulf that they could not be seen from land.

This problem has arisen from time to time. We have an existing law. The bill merely extends the existing law to cover the loss of fishing gear and other matters.

Mr. MORTON. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. I yield.

Mr. MORTON. Are there safeguards in the bill so the fact as to where the vessel was must be determined?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. Yes.

Mr. MORTON. I ask the question for this reason. If the captain of a ship knows the United States Government is going to pay a fine or whatever else is involved, he is likely to follow a school of shrimp to the beach. I want to be sure it is clear that if a fisherman violates international law the Government is not obliged to bail him out.

Mr. YARBOROUGH. I think the question asked by the Senator from Kentucky is a good one. I point out this language in the bill, which appears on page 2, beginning on line 15:

The determinations of the Secretary of State and the amounts certified by him under the provisions of this section shall be final and conclusive and not subject to review in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

So under the provisions of the bill, there would be no reimbursement for a fine if a fishing vessel ran in close to the shore of a foreign country and stole shrimp, if it was within the territorial waters of that country. The master of the vessel could not file a suit in court and depend upon the verdict of a jury. The Secretary of State is made the final arbiter. That provision was put in the bill so the Secretary could make the determination, and we know the Secretary of State is not going to claim jurisdiction over territorial waters of foreign countries.

Mr. MORTON. But the Secretary of State would determine the fact as to whether or not the ship was or was not within 3 miles of the shore?

Mr. YARBOROUGH. The Secretary of State would adjudicate that fact.

Mr. MORTON. I thank the Senator.







# Digest of CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

OF INTEREST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued August 30, 1957  
For actions of August 29, 1957  
85th-1st, No. 158

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HIGHLIGHTS: Senate agreed to conference report on mutual security appropriation bill. Rep. Thomson and others introduced and Rep. Thomson discussed bills to extend Wool Act. Rep. Cooley criticized administration's farm program. House passed rice acreage bill.

## SENATE

1. MUTUAL SECURITY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. Agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 9302, by a vote of 59 to 19, and acted on amendments in disagreement. pp. 15047-51
2. CIVIL RIGHTS. By a vote of 60 to 15, agreed to the House amendments to the Senate amendments to H. R. 6127, the civil rights bill. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 14949-15025, 15034-46
3. COTTON DISPOSAL. Received from GSA a proposed notice of a proposed disposition from the national stockpile of approximately 134,384,000 pounds of extra long staple cotton; to Government Operations Committee. pp. 15027-8  
The report was also received in the House; to Armed Services Committee. pp. 14946-7
4. ELECTRIFICATION. Sen. Murray inserted a resolution from a Rural Electric Assn. expressing confidence in REA Administrator Hamil. pp. 15029-30
5. APPROPRIATIONS. Sen. Johnson inserted and discussed a statement showing reductions below the budget. p. 15051
6. PERSONNEL. By a vote of 74 to 2, agreed to the conference report on S. 2377, to amend the law regarding production of statements and reports of witnesses. pp. 15052-6

7. ASC COMMITTEES. Passed without amendment H. R. 8508, to permit certain counties in Minn. and Iowa to have two ASC committees. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15060-1
8. PURCHASING. Passed without amendment H. R. 7536, to continue certain special procurement authorities under Title II of the First War Powers Act, 1941. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15062-4
9. FIBER IMPORTS. Discussed and, at the request of Sen. Case, S. Dak., passed over H. R. 7096, to amend the Tariff Act regarding istle or Tampico fiber. pp. 15061-2
10. BUILDINGS. S. 2533, to authorize GSA to lease space for Federal agencies for periods not exceeding 15 years, was made the unfinished business. p. 15066
11. INFLATION. Sen. Martin, Pa., spoke on the dangers of inflation. p. 15070
12. STATEHOOD. The Interior and Insular Affairs Committee reported with amendments S. 49, to provide statehood for Alaska (S. Rept. 1163), and S. 50, to provide statehood for Hawaii (S. Rept. 1164). p. 15074
13. RECLAMATION; MONOPOLIES. Agreed to resolutions for printing as documents certain material relating to the Central Valley project and the history of the monopoly problem. p. 15061
14. DATE OF CONVENING. Passed without amendment H. J. Res. 453, providing that the 2d regular session of the 85th Congress shall begin at noon on Tues., Jan. 7, 1958. This measure will now be sent to the President.

#### HOUSE

15. FORESTRY. The House Government Operations Committee, in its Sixteenth Report, on "Army-Interior Reservoir Land Acquisition Policy," (H.Rept. 1185), recommends that:

"The Department of the Army, the Department of Agriculture, and the Department of the Interior should jointly study, and report back to this committee not later than March 1, 1958, as to the practicability of effecting exchanges of Government forest lands for private forest lands acquired for reservoir projects. In any such exchange procedure, the agency having primary jurisdiction over the public forest land should have the right to determine whether or not the exchange should be made; the exchange should adequately protect watersheds and public hunting and fishing; only comparable types of forest lands should be exchanged, and only on the basis of equal values; timberlands in parks, wildlife refuges, and military and Indian reservations should not be used for such exchanges; and the public interest should be fully protected by such other conditions as may be necessary."
16. BUDGET. Rep. Abernethy criticized the administration's budget and said that fiscal year 1959 budget should be reduced now, while it is in the making. p. 14914
17. TEXTILES. Rep. Coffin spoke regarding the problems of the textile industry and urged consideration of legislation which would make cotton available to our mills at prices to enable them to regain their share of the world market. p. 14914



The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 8508) to provide that there shall be two county committees elected under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act for certain counties.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD at this point a brief explanation of the bill.

There being no objection, the explanation was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

The Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act provides for the election of one county committee in each county, to be utilized in administering that act and other agricultural programs. For many years, without any apparent authority, 2 county committees have been elected in each of the 4 counties named in the bill. Due to geographic location, number of farms, and other factors, other agricultural agencies and the county governments, as well as the committees here concerned, have operated two offices in each of these counties; and this method of administration has worked out very well. Recently it was brought to the attention of the Department that this method was not in accordance with law, and the State committees have now been notified that only one committee should be elected.

This bill would provide for 2 county committees in each of the 4 counties and thereby maintain the existing arrangement, which is the result of a need for 2 offices and which has worked very well.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill is open to amendment. If there be no amendment to be offered, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### ADDITIONAL OFFICE SPACE IN HOME DISTRICTS FOR CONGRESSMEN, DELEGATES, AND RESIDENT COMMISSIONERS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1147.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The clerk will state the bill by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 9282) to provide additional office space in home districts of Congressmen, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill is open to amendment.

If there be no amendment to be offered, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH SERVICE FURNISHED MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1148, H. R. 9406.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 9406) to amend the act of June 23, 1949, to provide that telephone and telegraph service furnished Members of the House of Representatives shall be computed on a biennial rather than an annual basis.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill is open to amendment.

If there be no amendment to be offered, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### PRINTING AS HOUSE DOCUMENT MATERIAL RELATING TO CENTRAL VALLEY PROJECT, CALIF.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1149, House Concurrent Resolution 176.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The concurrent resolution will be stated.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 176) authorizing the printing as a House document of certain material relating to the Central Valley project of California, and providing for additional copies.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

#### PRINTING OF HOUSE DOCUMENT

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1150, House Concurrent Resolution 188.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The concurrent resolution will be stated.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 188) authorizing the printing as a House document of the document entitled "Congress and the Monopoly Problem: 56 Years of Anti-trust Development, 1900-1956."

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

#### SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCE FOR GRAND AND PETIT JURORS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1152, H. R. 3370.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 3370) to amend section 1871 of title 28, United States Code, to increase the mileage and subsistence allowances of grand and petit jurors.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to, and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill is open to amendment.

If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 882, H. R. 7096.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, I have an amendment—

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, may I ask that the amendments be read?

Mr. BEALL. I ask the clerk to read the amendment.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The clerk will state the committee amendments.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, may we have order in the Chamber?

The VICE PRESIDENT. The committee amendments will be stated.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota. Mr. President, reserving the right to object to the consideration of the bill, and not knowing what the amendment—

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask that the bill go over. I ask the Senator from Maryland to confer with the Senator from South Dakota to see if he can clear the bill.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will go over.

Mr. CASE of South Dakota subsequently said: Mr. President, I wish to say I had objected to the consideration of Calendar No. 882 for the reason that it dealt with the tariff. I had heard



that there was a possibility that an amendment would be offered to put mica on the free list. I do not know whether that was a committee amendment or not. I understand the amendment proposed to be offered by the Senator from Maryland [Mr. BEALL] referred to putting wool on the free list. I would have objected to the consideration if it meant putting wool on the free list. Therefore, I respectfully request that Order No. 882, dealing with the Tariff Act, not be passed on a consent call.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. We are not passing anything on the consent calendar. Bills are being called up by motion. The fact that the Senator from South Dakota wants time to study it is sufficient to have the bill go over. I ask that the bill go over so that the Senator from South Dakota may discuss it with the Senator from Maryland.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be passed over.

#### INCREASE IN SALARIES OF CERTAIN EXECUTIVES OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1185, H. R. 8994.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 894) to amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to increase the salaries of certain executives of the Atomic Energy Commission, and for other purposes.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, the Senator from Washington [Mr. JACKSON] has a brief explanation to make of the bill.

Mr. JACKSON. Mr. President, the bill has the unanimous approval of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy. It passed the House of Representatives unanimously. It will equalize salaries of all officials and top executives of the Atomic Energy Commission with those of other executives in the executive branch and in the independent agencies.

I ask unanimous consent that I may include in the RECORD at this point a statement on the bill.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

##### STATEMENT BY SENATOR JACKSON

The purpose of this bill, as set forth in the report of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy (S. Rept. No. 790) is to equalize the salaries of the Commissioners and top executives of the Atomic Energy Commission with those of other executives in the executive branch and in the independent agencies.

Last year Congress enacted the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956. That act raised the salaries of executives generally in the executive branch and in the independent agencies, and it is the purpose of this bill to provide equal treatment for the executives of the Atomic Energy Commission.

The background of this bill is set forth in the committee report, Senate Report No. 790.

Last year the Joint Committee unanimously recommended a salary bill for AEC executives, contingent upon passage of the Federal Executive Pay Act, but that act passed late in the session, and the AEC salary bill was not considered by the Congress. This year the Joint Committee again considered the question and has recommended unanimously this legislation to bring the AEC executives up to the same salary levels as those of other executives.

This bill raises the salary of the Chairman of the Commission from \$20,000 per annum to \$22,500 per annum, which is on the same level as the Under Secretary of State and the Deputy Secretary of Defense. Prior to the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956, the Chairman of the Commission was on the same level with those other offices, but he is now receiving a lesser salary. The purpose of this bill is to equalize this situation.

Other salaries of AEC executives are raised as follows:

The other 4 Commissioners of the Atomic Energy Commission, from \$18,000 to \$22,000; the General Manager, who is the chief executive officer, from \$20,000 to \$22,000; the division directors from \$16,000 to \$19,000; and the General Counsel from \$16,000 to \$19,500. The bill also establishes the position of Deputy General Manager at a maximum salary of \$20,500; 3 Assistant General Managers or their equivalent at maximum salary of \$20,000; and a maximum of 6 other Executive Manager positions at a salary not to exceed \$19,000 per annum.

Thus the bill affects only the Commissioners and top executives in the AEC. The Joint Committee has studied this bill carefully, and all of these increases are consistent with the provisions of the Federal Executive Pay Act as applicable to other agencies, and are only intended to provide fair and equal treatment to AEC executives.

The executives of the Atomic Energy Commission are responsible for administering our entire atomic-energy program for both military and peaceful purposes. Just last week, the Congress authorized and appropriated more than \$2 billion to run this program during the next fiscal year. If we are to have a well-run program, I think it is important that we have good executives to direct that program. The total investment of the taxpayers of our country in atomic energy is now more than \$17 billion.

Only this month Dr. Tom Johnson, Director of the Division of Research, left the AEC to go with private industry. I am sure that many other executives in the Commission have received similar attractive financial offers to leave the AEC and go with private industry.

Also, late this year or early in 1958 the Commission will move to a new headquarters building near Germantown, Md., about 30 miles outside of Washington, D. C. It is a real possibility that they will lose many of their employees, including some of the top executives. In order to try to prevent this loss, and to equalize the salaries of AEC executives with executives in other agencies of the Federal Government, I urge the Senate to enact S. 2672, in accordance with the unanimous recommendation of the members of the Joint Committee.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill is open to amendment.

If there be no amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading and passage of the bill.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### CONVEYANCE OF LAKE OR BAYOU TO CITY OF COUNCIL BLUFFS

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs be discharged from further consideration of H. R. 8928, and that the Senate proceed to its consideration.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 8928) to amend the act of June 9, 1880, entitled "An act to grant to the corporate authorities of the city of Council Bluffs, in the State of Iowa, for public uses, a certain lake or bayou situated near said city."

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there objection to the request of the Senator from Texas?

Mr. PURTELL. Mr. President, what is the calendar number?

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. It is not on the calendar. The bill just came over from the House.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Without objection, the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs is discharged from the further consideration of the bill.

Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the bill was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### CONTINUATION OF PROVISIONS OF TITLE II OF THE FIRST WAR POWERS ACT OF 1941

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 1186, H. R. 7536. I announce that this will be the last bill we shall take up tonight.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be stated by title for the information of the Senate.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. A bill (H. R. 7536) to amend the act of January 12, 1951, as amended, to continue in effect the provisions of title II of the First War Powers Act of 1941.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, reserving the right to object—

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, I moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar 1186, H. R. 7539. It was a motion, not a unanimous consent request.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Texas.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. O'MAHONEY. Mr. President, this bill has been unanimously approved by the Committee on the Judiciary. It is an essential bill. The act which it extends expired on the 30th of June 1957. The Defense Department needs an extension of the act, as set forth in the report. Otherwise, there would be large claims against the United States if this relief were not granted.

Mr. THYE. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?









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OFFICE OF BUDGET AND FINANCE  
(For Department Staff Only)

Issued September 3, 1957  
For actions of August 30, 1957  
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| Cotton.....              | 12,32    | Personnel.....            | 29,3,19 | Water resources..... | 13       |
| Disaster relief.....     | 7        |                           |         |                      |          |

HIGHLIGHTS: House agreed to conference report on mutual security appropriation bill. Both Houses agreed to conference report on bill to extend Reorganization Act. Senate passed bills to require State contributions to Federal disaster relief and to adjust dates for claims in emergency feed program. Sen. Neuberger objected to Budget Bureau expenditure reductions.

## HOUSE

1. MUTUAL SECURITY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1958. By a vote of 194-122, agreed to the conference report on this bill, H. R. 9302. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15253-62
2. FARM PROGRAM. Rep. Christopher and others debated the farm program. pp. 15274-6
3. PERSONNEL. By a vote of 315 to 0, agreed to the conference report on S. 2377, to provide for production of statements and reports of witnesses in loyalty cases, etc. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15248-53
4. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS. Rep. Reuss inserted an appraisal of Federal-State-local relationships, by the American Municipal Association. pp. 15266-8
5. APPROPRIATIONS. Rep. Budge inserted a table showing Congressional action on appropriations for the 85th Congress, 1st Session. p. 15287
6. ADJOURNED sine die. p. 15290

## SENATE

7. DISASTER RELIEF. Passed without amendment S. 304, to require State contributions in connection with Federal disaster relief programs. pp. 15186, 15216-17
8. BUDGET. Sen. Neuberger objected to Budget Bureau procedures intended to result in reducing expenditures below the appropriation level, and inserted letters from the Budget Bureau and others on the matter. pp. 15099-101  
Sen. Byrd urged further reductions in expenditures. pp. 15204-5

9. BUILDINGS. Passed as reported S. 2533, to authorize GSA to lease space for Federal agencies for periods not exceeding 15 years. p. 15193
10. IMPORTS. Passed with amendments H. R. 7096, to amend the Tariff Act so as to permit duty-free importation of istle or Tampico fiber. Agreed to an amendment by Sen. Beall to permit duty-free importation of certain wool yarn. The House later concurred in the Senate amendments. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15183-4, 15278
11. STATEHOOD. Received minority reports on S. 499 providing Alaska statehood, and S. 50, providing Hawaii statehood (S. Repts. 1163 and 1164, pt. 2). p. 15080
12. COTTON. Sen. Saltonstall said New England cotton textile mills are at a disadvantage, as compared with their competitors, because they must buy cotton at price-support levels. p. 15097
13. WATER RESOURCES. Sen. Johnson commended congressional actions for development of the Nation's water resources. p. 15112
14. LEGISLATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENTS. Sens. Johnson and Knowland summarized this year's congressional accomplishments. pp. 15112-51, 15246
15. TOBACCO. Sen. Cooper defended the tobacco price-support program. pp. 15160-5
16. COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS. Sen. Proxmire was assigned to the Small Business Committee, Banking and Currency Committee, and Post Office and Civil Service Committee. Sen. Monroney was excused from the Small Business Committee, Sen. Lausche from Banking and Currency, and Sen. Clark from Post Office and Civil Service. p. 15194
17. FORESTRY. Sen. Humphrey inserted and commended a recommendation by Rep. Blatnik for reforestation along the Federal highways. pp. 15209-10  
Passed without amendment H. R. 7900, to permit USDA to sell land in Ottawa County, Mich., which was acquired pursuant to Title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 15193  
Passed without amendment H. R. 580, to authorize exchange with Missouri of certain land in the Clark and Mark Twain National Forests. This bill will now be sent to the President. p. 15197
18. REORGANIZATION. Both Houses agreed to the conference report on S. 1791, to extend the Reorganization Act of 1949 for two additional years, so as to apply to Presidential reorganization plans submitted before June 1, 1959. The final language of the bill also provides that a majority of those voting in either House (instead of a majority of the constituency of either House) may nullify a reorganization plan. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15205, 15248
19. PERSONNEL. Sen. Humphrey recommended that the President sign the pay raise bills and inserted a Library of Congress analysis of pay raises for major officials in the last few years. pp. 15213-16
20. CCC CLAIMS. Passed with amendment H. R. 2486, to authorize CCC to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of certain deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates in connection with purchase orders under its emergency feed program. The House later concurred in the amendment. This bill will now be sent to the President. pp. 15216, 15277, 15285-6



"(2) The southern division comprises the counties of Adams, Billings, Bowman, Burling, Dunn, Emmons, Golden Valley, Grant, Hettlinger, Kldder, Logan, McIntosh, McLean, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Sioux, Slope, and Stark.

"Court for the southern division shall be held at Bismarck and Dickinson."

(b) One of the district judges for the district of North Dakota holding office immediately prior to the effective date of this section shall, on and after such date, be the district judge for the eastern district of North Dakota, and the other district judge for the district of North Dakota holding office immediately prior to the effective date of this section shall, on and after such date, be the district judge for the western district of North Dakota. The assignment of such judges to the respective districts shall be made by the Judicial Council of the Eighth Circuit upon the basis of an agreement between such judges or, in the event of their failure to reach such agreement, upon such other basis as may be determined by the Judicial Council of the Eighth Circuit. The district attorney for the district of North Dakota holding office immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall, during the remainder of his present term of office, be district attorney for the western district of North Dakota. The marshal for the district of North Dakota holding office immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall, during the remainder of his present term of office, be the United States marshal for the eastern district of North Dakota.

APPOINTMENT OF CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE SEVENTH DISTRICT AND DISTRICT JUDGES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 116) to provide for the appointment of an additional circuit judge for the seventh circuit, and for the appointment of additional district judges for the northern district of Illinois which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two additional district judges for the northern district of Illinois. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the northern district of Illinois, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| "Districts    | Judges |
|---------------|--------|
| * * * *       | *      |
| Illinois:     |        |
| * * * *       | *      |
| Northern----- | 10     |
| * * * *       | **     |

The amendment was agreed to.  
The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to provide for the appointment of additional district judges for the northern district of Illinois."

APPOINTMENT OF DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 430) to provide for the appoint-

ment of a district judge for the middle district of Tennessee, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, 1 additional district judge for the eastern district of Tennessee, 1 additional district judge for the middle district of Tennessee, and 1 additional district judge for the western district of Tennessee. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the eastern district of Tennessee, the middle district of Tennessee, and the western district of Tennessee, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such districts:

| "Districts   | Judges |
|--------------|--------|
| * * * *      | *      |
| Tennessee:   |        |
| Eastern----- | 3      |
| Middle-----  | 2      |
| Western----- | 2      |
| * * * *      | **     |

The amendment was agreed to.  
The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to provide for the appointment of additional district judges for the eastern district of Tennessee, the middle district of Tennessee, and the western district of Tennessee."

RIGHTS OF VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES IN TERRITORIAL WATERS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES

The bill (S. 1483) to amend the act of August 27, 1954, relating to the rights of vessels of the United States on the high seas and in the territorial waters of foreign countries was announced as next in order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. CLARK. Over.  
The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be passed over.

TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

The bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber was announced as next in order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, over by request.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, will the Senator withhold his objection for the moment?

Mr. TALMADGE. I do.  
Mr. BEALL. I understood that the objections had been withdrawn.

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, I am now informed by the junior Senator from Texas that he has withdrawn his objection. If so, I have no objection.

Mr. KUCHEL. I wonder whether, in the interest of accommodating the dis-

tinguished minority leader it would be agreeable to the Senator from Maryland to let the bill go to the foot of the calendar. I see a note to call my distinguished colleague when the bill is called up.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, I am informed that the Senator from California [Mr. KNOWLAND] has withdrawn his objection.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of Calendar No. 832, H. R. 7096.

Mr. KUCHEL. Mr. President, does the Chair refer to Calendar No. 832?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Yes.  
Mr. BEALL. That is correct.  
Mr. KUCHEL. I have no objection.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on Finance with an amendment on page 1, after line 8, to insert:

SEC. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, during the three-year period beginning on the day following the date of the enactment of this act.

SEC. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, no tariff or customs duty shall apply with respect to a beta-ray spectrometer, complete, consisting of a magnet unit, motor-generator set, and control rack, which is entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption by Stanford University, Stanford, California, for use at such university in connection with research for the Office of Naval Research and the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y.

(b) Subsection (a) shall apply whether such beta-ray spectrometer is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this act. If the liquidation of such entry or withdrawal has become final, such entry or withdrawal may be reliquidated and the appropriate refund of duty may be made.

SEC. 4. Section 3 of this act shall apply only so long as title to the beta-ray spectrometer entered or withdrawn free of duty under such section is vested in Stanford University. In the event that title to such spectrometer becomes vested in any other person after such entry or withdrawal, such spectrometer shall become subject to all duties imposed thereon by the revenue laws in force on the date on which such title becomes so vested. Such duties shall be assessed according to the appraised value on the date on which such title becomes so vested, with due allowance made for depreciation from handling and use.

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, I offer an amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be stated.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. At the end of the bill it is proposed to insert the following new section:

SEC. 5. (a) Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Par. 1822. Yarns, wholly or in chief value of wool, dyed and cut into uniform lengths not exceeding 3 inches, in immediate packages or containers not exceeding 6 ounces in weight, including the weight of the immediate package or container."

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply only in the case of articles entered



for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after the day following the date of enactment of this act.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I should like to say that the amendment has been considered by the Committee on Finance, and the committee has approved it.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment of the Senator from Maryland [Mr. BEALL] to the committee amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the committee amendment as amended.

The amendment, as amended, was agreed to.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "An act to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., and for other purposes."

#### APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL DISTRICT JUDGE, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

The bill (S. 324) to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the southern district of Florida, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional district judge for the southern district of Florida. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the southern district of Florida, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| Districts      | Judges |
|----------------|--------|
| * * *          | *      |
| "Florida:      |        |
| * * *          | *      |
| "Southern----- | 5      |
| * * *          | .."    |

#### APPOINTMENT OF TWO ADDITIONAL DISTRICT JUDGES, DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT

The bill (S. 472) to provide for the appointment of 2 additional district judges for the district of Connecticut was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two additional district judges for the district of Connecticut. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the district of Connecticut, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| Districts         | Judges |
|-------------------|--------|
| * * *             | *      |
| "Connecticut----- | 4      |
| * * *             | .."    |

#### APPOINTMENT OF DISTRICT JUDGE, DISTRICT OF COLORADO

The bill (S. 1060) to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the District of Colorado was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional district judge for the district of Colorado. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the district of Colorado, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| Districts      | Judges |
|----------------|--------|
| * * *          | *      |
| "Colorado----- | 3      |
| * * *          | .."    |

#### APPOINTMENT OF DISTRICT JUDGE, DISTRICT OF NEVADA

The bill (S. 2714) to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the district of Nevada was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional district judge for the district of Nevada. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the district of Nevada, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| Districts    | Judges |
|--------------|--------|
| * * *        | *      |
| "Nevada----- | 2      |
| * * *        | .."    |

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Before the Senate proceeds to the next measure on the calendar, the Presiding Officer, without objection, will insert at the conclusion of the passage of Calendar No. 1001, S. 2714, a statement concerning the bill.

There being no objection, the statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

#### STATEMENT BY SENATOR BIBLE

I am most gratified at the action of this body in passing the bill which my colleague [Mr. MALONE] and I introduced (S. 2714), to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the district of Nevada. I wish at this time to express my appreciation both to the Members of the Committee on the Judiciary for their expeditious action and to the Members of this body for their favorable consideration of this legislation to grant to my State this greatly needed district judgeship. I also wish to thank the Chairman of the Subcommittee on Improvements in Judiciary Machinery of the Committee on the Judiciary [Mr. JOHNSTON of South Carolina] for his courteous reception when I testified in behalf of this measure at the hearings on the omnibus judgeship bill. The subcommittee chairman did a masterful job and because of the thorough hearings conducted by him and the careful consideration given this matter, the full committee was able to act promptly on the bill. The able chairman of the committee [Mr. EASTLAND] is to be commended for his splendid work in connection with the consideration of the various judgeship measures as well as other matters reported from that committee.

The merits of this legislation cannot be questioned. Ample justification for this district judgeship appear in previous reports of the Judiciary Committee and in the hearings on S. 420 of the 85th Congress. A brief resume of the legislative history and the pressing need for a second district judgeship for the State of Nevada is as follows:

The district of Nevada has been the subject of hearings during the 84th and 85th Congresses. By Public Law 294 of the 83d Congress, a temporary judgeship was authorized, so that when this temporary judgeship was filled, the district of Nevada had two district judges until the retirement of one of the judges early in 1957. When the Committee on the Judiciary reported favorably on S. 1256 of the 84th Congress, there was included a provision to make permanent the then existing temporary judgeship for the district of Nevada, but since the retirement of one of the judges in that district, this can no longer be accomplished.

In its report on S. 1256 of the 84th Congress, the Judiciary Committee reaffirmed its position as set forth in the report on S. 2910 of the 83d Congress that each State having only one judge should be provided with an additional judge.

The hearings in the 85th Congress indicate the necessity for the restoration of a second judgeship in the district of Nevada. As stated by the committee in its report on this bill, the creation of this judgeship is amply justified.

I intend to press for the passage of this legislation by the House of Representatives, and it is my fervent hope that I will be able to secure for the people of my State a second United States district judge in the next session of the Congress.

#### APPOINTMENT OF TWO ADDITIONAL DISTRICT JUDGES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

The bill (S. 2747) to provide for the appointment of two additional district judges for the eastern district of Pennsylvania was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two additional district judges for the eastern district of Pennsylvania. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judgeships for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to such district:

| Districts      | Judges |
|----------------|--------|
| * * *          | *      |
| "Pennsylvania: |        |
| "Eastern-----  | 10     |
| * * *          | .."    |

#### APPOINTMENT OF DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE EASTERN AND WESTERN DISTRICTS, SOUTH CAROLINA

The bill (S. 2773) to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the eastern and western districts of South Carolina was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

*Be it enacted, etc.,* That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional district judge for the eastern and western districts of South Carolina. In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the change made by this act in the number of judge-



Alaska, to promote the conservation of fishery resources thereof, and for other purposes;

H. Con. Res. 229. Concurrent resolution providing the two Houses of Congress shall adjourn on Friday, August 30, 1957, sine die; and

H. Con. Res. 230. Concurrent resolution authorizing the signatures on enrolled bills notwithstanding the sine die adjournment of the two Houses.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed, with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, bills and a joint resolution of the House of the following titles:

H. R. 1419. An act for the relief of Mrs. Hannah Mae Powell;

H. R. 1883. An act for the relief of Benedict M. Kordus;

H. R. 2486. An act to authorize Commodity Credit Corporation to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligibile dates in connection with purchase orders under its emergency feed program;

H. R. 4335. An act for the relief of Ramon Tavares;

H. R. 4544. An act for the relief of Louis S. Levenson;

H. R. 5719. An act for the relief of Clara M. Briggs;

H. R. 7096. An act to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber; and

H. J. Res. 253. Joint resolution to establish a commission to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Civil War, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed bills and a joint resolution of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 116. An act to provide for the appointment of additional district judges for the northern district of Illinois;

S. 264. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the district of Kansas;

S. 304. An act to provide for a specific contribution by State governments to the cost of feed or seed furnished to farmers, ranchers, or stockmen in disaster areas, and for other purposes;

S. 324. An act to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the southern district of Florida;

S. 430. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the middle district of Tennessee;

S. 452. An act for the relief of Julia Silwlnska;

S. 472. An act to provide for the appointment of two additional district judges for the district of Connecticut;

S. 573. An act conferring jurisdiction upon the United States Court of Claims to hear, determine, and render judgment upon a certain claim of Mrs. Walter E. von Kalinowski;

S. 697. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the district of Maryland;

S. 781. An act for the relief of Michele Niro;

S. 1060. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the district of Colorado;

S. 1208. An act for the relief of Ludwik Abramski;

S. 1224. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the district of Massachusetts;

S. 1287. An act for the relief of Heinz August Schwarz;

S. 1359. An act for the relief of Franz Hehn;

S. 1403. An act for the relief of Michael James Bolger;

S. 1480. An act for the relief of Martha A. McDermott Stothard;

S. 1543. An act for the relief of Dorene I. Fast;

S. 1562. An act for the relief of Winifred C. Lydick;

S. 1600. An act for the relief of the C-L Electric Co.;

S. 1606. An act for the relief of Linton Seymour Young;

S. 1714. An act for the relief of Roma H. Sellers;

S. 2230. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain lands to the Charlotte Rudland Dansie Association;

S. 2533. An act to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 to authorize the Administrator of General Services to lease space for Federal agencies for periods not exceeding 15 years, and for other purposes;

S. 2700. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the eastern, middle, and western districts of North Carolina;

S. 2701. An act to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the southern district of Mississippi;

S. 2702. An act to make permanent the temporary judgeship for the district of Utah;

S. 2703. An act to provide for the re-districting of the judicial district of North Dakota, and for other purposes;

S. 2714. An act to provide for the appointment of district judge for the district of Nevada;

S. 2747. An act to provide for the appointment of two additional district judges for the eastern district of Pennsylvania;

S. 2773. An act to provide for the appointment of a district judge for the eastern and western districts of South Carolina;

S. 2799. An act to provide for a circuit judgeship for the 8th circuit, and for the appointment of a district judge for the northern and southern districts of Iowa;

S. 2832. An act to provide for the appointment of one additional district judge for the northern district of Ohio and one additional district judge for the southern district of Ohio;

S. 2840. An act to create a new and separate judicial district in California and to create a new division for the northern district in said State;

S. 2864. An act to provide for the appointment of additional judges for the court of appeals for the second circuit and the district courts for the southern and eastern districts of New York; and

S. J. Res. 131. Joint resolution authorizing the President to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to commemorate with appropriate ceremonies the 100th anniversary of the admission of the State of Oregon into the Union.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the amendments of the House to bills of the Senate of the following titles:

S. 1007. An act for the relief of Sgt. Donald L. Coleman; and

S. 1636. An act for the relief of Delfina Cinco de Lopez.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendment to the bill (H. R. 6322) entitled "An act to provide that the dates for submission of plan for future control of property and transfer of the property of the Menominee Tribe shall be delayed," disagreed to by the House; agrees to the conference asked by the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. NEUBERGER, Mr. CHURCH, and Mr. WATKINS to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 1791) entitled "An act to further amend the Reorganization Act of 1949, as amended, so that such act will apply to reorganization plans transmitted to the Congress at any time before June 1, 1959."

#### COMMODITY CREDIT

Mr. POAGE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's desk the bill (H. R. 2486) to authorize the Commodity Credit Corporation to grant relief with respect to claims arising out of deliveries of eligible surplus feed grains on ineligible dates in connection with purchase orders under its emergency feed program, with a Senate amendment thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the bill, and the Senate amendment as follows:

Page 2, lines 7 and 8, strike out "12 months from the date the purchase order was issued to the farmer" and insert "6 months from the expiration date of the purchase order issued to the farmer."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

Mr. KEATING. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, the minority leader indicated to me that there would be no new business brought up in the way of concurrence in Senate amendments.

The SPEAKER. The Chair believes the gentleman is mistaken.

The minority leader told the Chair when he left that he would object to any Senate bill being brought up that had not been acted on by the House committee. That is as far as he went with me.

Mr. KEATING. The Speaker may be entirely correct; I may have misunderstood him. May I ask whether this has been acted upon by the House committee?

Mr. POAGE. Certainly. It was acted on by the House committee by unanimous vote of the House committee and unanimous vote of the House.

Mr. KEATING. Has the amendment made by the Senate received the approval of the House Committee on Agriculture?

Mr. POAGE. No, the amendment has not. The amendment simply reduces the period of the House bill from 1 year down to 6 months.

Mr. SMITH of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair understood that this was cleared with the gentleman from Iowa.

Mr. POAGE. I did confer with the gentleman from Iowa less than 30 minutes ago, and he agreed that it was perfectly all right to bring it up.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

The SPEAKER. Unless the gentleman from Wisconsin [Mr. SMITH] takes different action, there is nothing to yield to.

Objection is heard.



# TARIFF TREATMENT OF ISTLE OR TAMPICO FIBER

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H. R. 7096) to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, with Senate amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendments.

The bill was introduced by the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. JENKINS]. I am simply making this request in his behalf.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendments as follows:

After line 8, insert:

"Sec. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, during the 3-year period beginning on the day following the date of the enactment of this act."

After line 8, insert:

"Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this act, no tariff or customs duty shall apply with respect to a beta-ray spectrometer, complete, consisting of a magnet unit, motor-generator set, and control rack, which is entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption by Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., for use at such university in connection with research for the Office of Naval Research and the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, Inc., New York, N. Y.

"(b) Subsection (a) shall apply whether such beta-ray spectrometer is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this act. If the liquidation of such entry or withdrawal has become final, such entry or withdrawal may be reliquidated and the appropriate refund of duty may be made."

After line 8, insert:

"Sec. 4. Section 3 of this act shall apply only so long as title to the beta-ray spectrometer entered or withdrawn free of duty under such section is vested in Stanford University. In the event that title to such spectrometer becomes vested in any other person after such entry or withdrawal, such spectrometer shall become subject to all duties imposed thereon by the revenue laws in force on the date on which such title becomes so vested. Such duties shall be assessed according to the appraised value on the date on which such title becomes so vested, with due allowance made for depreciation from handling and use.

"Sec. 5. (a) Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"PAR. 1822. Yarns, wholly or in chief value of wool, dyed and cut into uniform lengths not exceeding 3 inches, in immediate packages or containers not exceeding 6 ounces in weight, including the weight of the immediate package or container."

"(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after the day following the date of enactment of this act."

Amend the title so as to read: "An act to amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., and for other purposes."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendments were concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the Record and immediately following my remarks that the gentleman from New York [Mr. REED] may extend his remarks on this bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. Speaker, in the form in which H. R. 7096 passed the House of Representatives, it would have transferred dressed or manufactured istle or Tampico from the dutiable to the free list of the Tariff Act of 1930.

The Senate has added three substantive amendments to the bill, which I will briefly describe as follows:

First, the Senate adopted an amendment limiting the free importation of istle or Tampico fiber to a period of 3 years rather than transferring it to the duty-free list. The Senate Finance Committee report stated that this amendment was adopted so that there might be a testing period and to provide for future congressional scrutiny. The report further stated that the 3-year limitation was adopted without prejudice in the event further extensions are deemed advisable.

Second, the bill was amended so as to provide for the free importation of a beta-ray spectrometer for the use of Stanford University in the field of research. The Senate Finance Committee report stated that, inasmuch as the study and research of ultrashort rays is valuable to the health and scientific advancement to the country as a whole, and inasmuch as a part of this research is provided for by grants and contributions, that free importation might be provided for in this case. The Committee on Ways and Means had bills pending before it on this subject.

Third, a Senate amendment would permit duty-free importation of certain dyed wool yarn cut in uniform lengths not to exceed 3 inches and wrapped in individual packages not to exceed 6 ounces in weight. These yarns are specially designed for use in making hand-hooked rugs which are essentially produced by individuals either for personal use or for gifts and it is understood that these yarns are often used by invalids and other shut-ins in the manufacture of such rugs. These yarns are presently classifiable under the catchall provisions of the Tariff Act for "manufactures, wholly or in chief value of wool, not specially provided for." The Senate Finance Committee report stated that no opposition from industry has been made known to this amendment, and that domestic woolgrowers and manufacturers of wool products agree that the purpose of the amendment is good and have no objection to its adoption.

Our distinguished colleague on the Committee on Ways and Means, the Honorable EUGENE J. MCCARTHY, has introduced a bill on this subject on which favorable reports were received from the departments concerned by the Committee on Ways and Means.

It is my understanding that this particular amendment will be of value to handicapped persons and to veterans and others who not only find hand weaving excellent therapy but also because it will provide them with some occupation and recreation which they might not otherwise enjoy.

Mr. REED. Mr. Speaker, I have concurred in the request made by the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. COOPER] that the House agree to the Senate amendments to H. R. 7096. This legislation as it passed the House had as its purpose the transfer of dressed or manufactured istle or tampico from the dutiable to the free list for tariff purposes. The Senate amendments to this legislation would provide for a 3-year suspension of the duty on istle or tampico instead of transferring this article to the free list.

In addition, the Senate amended the bill to provide for the free importation of a beta-ray spectrometer for the use by Stanford University.

Another Senate amendment would permit duty-free importation of certain wool yarn used in making hand-hooked rugs.

I have supported the House action in approving this legislation as amended by the Senate.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION TO COMMEMORATE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF CIVIL WAR

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent, on behalf of the distinguished gentleman from Virginia [Mr. TUCK], to take from the Speaker's table the resolution (H. J. Res. 253) to establish a commission to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Civil War, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendments.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The Clerk read the Senate amendments, as follows:

Page 2, line 7, strike out "eighteen" and insert "twenty-five."

Page 2, line 12, strike out "six" and insert "four."

Page 3, line 6, strike out "(a)" and insert "(6)."

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

The Senate amendments were concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## MRS. HANNAH MAE POWELL

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. LANE].

Mr. LANE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H. R. 1419) for the relief of Mrs. Hannah Mae Powell, with Senate amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendments.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.







Public Law 85-284  
85th Congress, H. R. 7096  
September 4, 1957

AN ACT

71 Stat. 609.

To amend paragraph 1684 of the Tariff Act of 1930 with respect to istle or Tampico fiber, to admit free of duty a beta-ray spectrometer for use at Stanford University, Stanford, California, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That paragraph 1684 of section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended as follows: Tariff Act of 1930, amendments.

(1) After the paragraph number insert "(a)"; (2) strike out "istle or Tampico fiber,"; and (3) add a new subparagraph as follows: 46 Stat. 678.

"(b) Istle or Tampico fiber, whether or not dressed or manufactured." 19 USC 1201, par. 1684.

SEC. 2. The amendments made by the first section of this Act shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, during the three-year period beginning on the day following the date of the enactment of this Act. Istle or Tampico fiber.

SEC. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this Act, no tariff or customs duty shall apply with respect to a beta-ray spectrometer, complete, consisting of a magnet unit, motor-generator set, and control rack, which is entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption by Stanford University, Stanford, California, for use at such university in connection with research for the Office of Naval Research and the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, Incorporated, New York, New York. Beta-ray spectrometer. Entry, etc., by Stanford University.

(b) Subsection (a) shall apply whether such beta-ray spectrometer is entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act. If the liquidation of such entry or withdrawal has become final, such entry or withdrawal may be reliquidated and the appropriate refund of duty may be made.

SEC. 4. Section 3 of this Act shall apply only so long as title to the beta-ray spectrometer entered or withdrawn free of duty under such section is vested in Stanford University. In the event that title to such spectrometer becomes vested in any other person after such entry or withdrawal, such spectrometer shall become subject to all duties imposed thereon by the revenue laws in force on the date on which such title becomes so vested. Such duties shall be assessed according to the appraised value on the date on which such title becomes so vested, with due allowance made for depreciation from handling and use.

SEC. 5. (a) Section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: 19 USC 1201.

"PAR. 1822. Yarns, wholly or in chief value of wool, dyed and cut into uniform lengths not exceeding three inches, in immediate packages or containers not exceeding six ounces in weight, including the weight of the immediate package or container." Wool yarns.



Applicability  
date.

(b) The amendment made by this section shall apply only in the case of articles entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on and after the day following the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved September 4, 1957.



